New-York Daily Times.

VOL. IV.—NO. 1246. NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1855. PRICE TWO CENTS.

New-York Daily Times.

Anniversary of the Occupation of the City of Mexico.

PUBLIC DINNER AT DELMONICO'S.

The Anniversary of the Occupation of the City of Mexico, which was the crowning triumph of the brilliant campaign that resulted in the conquest of the country of which that city is the capital, was celebrated last night, in Delmonico's, by a public dinner, at which were assembled many of the officers of our Army, Navy, Marine Corps, and volunteers who were personally engaged in that magnificent series of victories.

Previous to the dinner, a business meeting, to which no Reporters were admitted, was held, and a permanent organization was effected, of which the name and officers are as follows:

MEMBERSHIP, HONORARY.

Gen. H. G. Wright, President, Corps U. S. E.
Brevet Brig. Gen. W. K. Mumford, 1st Vice-President.
Commodore Read, U. S. Navy, 2d Vice-President.
Lieut. Col. J. S. Appleton, U. S. Army, 3d Vice-President.
Major Gen. Robert Patterson, 4th Vice-President.
Capt. H. Lovell, Secretary.
Chief-Engineer Joseph Gay, U. S. N., Treasurer.

The dinner, which was got up in a style of unusual recherché, elegance and substantial, was announced at 7½ o'clock. The company were ushered into the dining room to the military strains of the Governor's Island Band. Seats were set apart for the members of the Press, of whom a large contingent was present, and to whom accommodation and attendance were furnished at the cost of the liberal proprietor of the establishment.

One young gentleman who had been very assiduous in his attendance at the preliminary meeting, until himself and by a regular appointment, announced as a reporter from the Times, and subsequently presented himself at the same capacity, when the dinner was ready, but immediately vanished when informed that the bona fide representative of this journal had already appeared.

At the dinner, General Burbeck presided, with Capt. Rand, U. S. N., and Colonel Ramsay, late commanding the 11th, as acting Vice-Presidents. Ring where along the table we observed the following gentlemen: R. A. Kinsman, 1st Infantry; Brevet Major Henry Douglas, Captain U. S. N.; Lewis M. Berry, First Lieutenant Colonel Louisiana Mounted Volunteers; John D. Camp, Lieutenant U. S. N.; J. George Harris, Purser U. S. N.; John Cameron, Commander U. S. N.; Rodman M. Price, Purser U. S. N., now Governor of New Jersey; George W. Taylor, New York, late Captain 10th Infantry; De Witt Clinton, Lieutenant 10th Infantry; Howard Wainwright, E. C. Grant, J. H. Howard, 10th Infantry; W. W. Tompkins, Captain 10th Artillery; Geo. Bowers, Captain 8th Infantry; W. H. Gray, First Lieutenant Pennsylvania Volunteers; General Albert C. Ramsay, late Colonel 11th U. S. Infantry; Chief Engineer J. Coy, U. S. N.; Samuel E. Peck, Lieutenant Colonel 6th Regiment Louisiana Volunteers; James E. Powell Lieutenant 1st Infantry; C. L. Willard, Lieutenant 8th Regiment Infantry; Captain A. A. Yard, Lieutenant E. Golden, Lieutenant H. Dodgeville, Brevet Major A. W. Taylor, Brevet Major George W. Batman, Brevet Lieut. W. Slack, Lieutenant P. W. L. Plympton, &c., &c., &c.

"The Chairman announced the first regular toast, which (it may not be said, was a toast not only in honor of the chief officer of the United States, but in honor of one who had been their companion in the war of Mexico, and who was the Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy.

"The President of the United States. [Applause.]

Music—"Hail Columbia."

Major Ramsay replied. The President of the United States, though the Commander of a very small standing Army and Navy, was yet the Commander of one of the most powerful and numerous armies in the world—a power which commanded the hearts of the people. He (Maj. R.) believed that should the President of the United States ever set foot personally in person, he would receive an ovation. And as proof of that fact, he asked leave to read the following telegraphic dispatch:

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.

To Major R. A. Kinsman, Astor House: I greatly regret that it is impossible to accept the gratification it would afford me to be present at the reunion dinner this evening. Allow me, however, to offer as a sentiment:

"Our Country—A country of spotless honor and self-sacrifice in war, dignified and United Union in peace."

FRANK PIERCE.

A Voice—I think the President should get three cheers.

Another Voice—Yes, three cheers for him.

The company rose accordingly, and cheered lustily.

The Chairman then proposed the next toast:

Gen. Worth [not—Commander in the army in Mexico, whose brilliant achievements American arms portrayed into the world's renown—the glory of his conquest was only equalled by the humanity displayed by the victor.

This toast was received with loud and reiterated applause, the company rising en masse.

Music—"Hail to the Chief."

Major Ramsay in responding, said the title of Conqueror of Mexico belonged, a few years ago, to one of the proud soldiers of ancient Spain. More recently, however, an American, with still greater disparity of numbers than that under the control of the Spanish captain, had borne down every opposition of an enemy enjoying the superior facilities of meeting an invading army in their (the Mexicans') own country, and had captured again the Halls of Montezuma. [Cheers.] The gallant Major paid a high tribute to the generalship and gallantry of Winfield Scott, and sat down amid repeated applause.

The next toast was proposed in complimentary terms, and received with enthusiasm.

The Gallant Officers of the Navy.

Music—"Yankee Doodle."

Commodore Read responded. He paid a flattering tribute to the institution at West Point, and proposed:

The Volunteers—Americans in Mexico in the field and both sons of the defenders of this Republic. [Applause.]

Gen. Burbeck replied to the last sentiment. He thought a response almost unnecessary, because all present were both citizens and soldiers. He recounted an incident that had occurred at the celebration some years ago of the New-England Society, at which the seventh or eighth toast was:

The Officers of the Army and Navy who fought in the Mexican war.

Notwithstanding the fact that many persons and others present were opposed to the Mexican war, then about commencement, yet the toast was responded to in such a manner as to make them all present the most enthusiastic applause. [Loud cheers.]

The Chairman proposed, amid loud applause, the next toast:

Major-General Zachary Taylor—Who gloriously inaugurated the Mexican campaign.

Gen. Shumbrick, in a protracted address, replied. He recalled the personal features of many of the leading officers, now in Mexico, of the American army in Mexico, and of the more prominent commanders of the enemy's troops.

Major Kinsell proposed three cheers for the prospective liberal policy of Mexico, to which the company responded in three most hearty cheers.

Col. Ramsay, late in the remarks of a somewhat extemporaneous character, concluded amid applause.

The toast of "The day we celebrate" was received with rapturous cheering. Air—The Star Spangled Banner.

Capt. Lovell rose to respond, and was greeted with three cheers. Eight years ago, he said, the flag of America was unfurled over the city of Mexico, and it was a great pity it did not wave there still. [Loud applause.] When it was unrolled, and he was the staff officer who surveyed the order for that, every man's hair fairly stood on end, and the blood leaped to his face. [Applause.] The speaker referred at some length to the incidents of the war, and resumed his seat amid prolonged applause.

The Navy—The rank and file of the army, and [Inaudible] of the navy. When received, like the others, with tremendous cheering.

Music—"Yankee Doodle."

Mayor Wood—"Hail to the Land

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

A Modern Tragedy.

IT'S TRUE.

Correspondence of the New-York Daily Times.

FLORENCE, Italy, Friday, April 6, 1855.

In the Piazza del Duomo, not more than great Cathedral of Florence, stands the "Baptistery" or Baptistry, a small octagonal church, remarkable for its antiquity, and for the beauty of its bronze doors. It is said to have been originally a temple of Mars, and to have been converted into a Christian church in the fifth century. Whether this be true or not, it is certainly a very ancient building, and has been used as a Baptistry for many centuries. Dante was baptized in it, and all the children born in Florence are brought to it to receive the rite of baptism. It is a favorite resort of strangers, and every day you may see numbers of them standing before the doors, admiring the bronze figures with which they are covered.

Yesterday afternoon I was there myself, and noticing a little crowd of persons standing in front of the doors, I went up to see what was the matter. I found a man and a woman standing there, and a little boy, apparently about five years old, lying on the ground between them. The woman was crying bitterly, and the man was talking very fast to her, and pointing to the child. I could not understand what he said, but I saw that the boy was dead. He was lying on his back, with his eyes closed, and his face as white as marble. He was dressed in a little blue jacket and trousers, and had a pair of new shoes on his feet. His head rested on the woman's lap, and she was bending over him, and kissing his face and hands. Her tears fell upon his cheeks, and her sobs were heard all over the piazza.

I inquired of a bystander what had happened, and he told me that the child had been run over by a carriage, and killed on the spot. The driver had not even stopped his horses, but had driven on as if nothing had occurred. The boy had been taken up by the crowd, and carried to the Baptistry, where he now lay dead. The woman was his mother, and the man his father. They were poor people, and lived in a small house in the neighborhood.

I looked at the boy's face, and saw that he was indeed dead. His features were perfectly regular, and his hair, which was long and curly, fell back from his forehead in beautiful ringlets. He was a very handsome child, and must have been the pride of his parents' hearts. I could not help thinking how sad it was that he should be killed in this way, and I felt very sorry for the poor woman who was crying over him.

While I was looking at the group, a number of persons had collected around us, and I noticed that they were all talking very fast, and gesticulating violently. Presently a man came out of the Baptistry, and said something to the crowd, which I could not understand. Upon this, the father of the child picked him up in his arms, and carried him into the Baptistry, followed by the woman and the rest of the people. I followed also, and found myself in the midst of a crowd of perhaps fifty persons, who were standing around the child, which was lying on the floor, in front of the altar. The father was kneeling beside it, and the woman was sitting on the floor, with the child's head in her lap. Both were crying bitterly, and the man was talking very fast, and pointing to the child. I could not understand what he said, but I saw that he was telling the story of the accident, and that he was describing the manner in which the child had been killed.

Presently a man stepped forward from the crowd, and began to speak in a loud voice. He was dressed in a long black gown, and I saw that he was a priest. He spoke for about five minutes, and I could see that he was preaching a sermon to the people. He pointed frequently to the child, and to the father and mother, and I saw that he was telling the people that the child was dead, and that it was a judgment from God. He spoke very rapidly, and with great energy, and I could see that he was producing a powerful effect upon his audience. Many of the women were crying, and the men looked very grave and solemn. When he had finished, he knelt down by the side of the child, and began to pray. All the people knelt down with him, and I did the same. He prayed for about ten minutes, and then rose to his feet. The people rose with him, and he began to speak again. He spoke for about five minutes, and then stopped. The people then began to leave the Baptistry, and I left with the rest.

I have described this scene to you, because I think it is a very curious illustration of the manners and customs of the people of Italy. I am sure that in no other country in the world would a child be killed in the streets, and the people who saw it run over, instead of crying out against the driver of the carriage, and trying to punish him for his cruelty, kneel down and pray for the soul of the child. I am sure that in no other country would the driver of the carriage escape punishment for his crime. I am sure that in no other country would the priest, instead of preaching a sermon against the cruelty of the driver, preach a sermon against the sin of the child's parents in allowing it to be killed. I am sure that in no other country would the people, instead of crying out against the injustice of the whole affair, kneel down and pray for the soul of the child. I am sure that in no other country would the whole affair be considered as a judgment from God, and not as a piece of gross injustice and cruelty.

I am sure that you will think with me that this is a very curious illustration of the manners and customs of the people of Italy, and I am sure that you will think with me that it is a very sad thing that the people should be so ignorant and so superstitious. I am sure that you will think with me that it is a very sad thing that the people should be taught to look upon the death of a child as a judgment from God, and not as a piece of gross injustice and cruelty. I am sure that you will think with me that it is a very sad thing that the people should be taught to look upon the death of a child as a judgment from God, and not as a piece of gross injustice and cruelty. I am sure that you will think with me that it is a very sad thing that the people should be taught to look upon the death of a child as a judgment from God, and not as a piece of gross injustice and cruelty.

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NEW-YORK: SATURDAY, SEPT. 15.

JOB PRINTING.

We have just fully prepared to execute all kinds of Printing, PLAIN and ORNAMENTAL, in the VERY BEST STYLE, and on reasonable terms. Country Merchants who desire Quick Bills or Circulars of any kind, get up in a neat and elegant manner, may rely upon entire satisfaction.

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From Europe.

By the arrival of the *Ariel*, from Havre on the 1st inst., we have received an evening edition of the London *Times* of that date, which places us in possession of a day's later intelligence from the whole of Europe. The Russian account of the Battle of Traktir Bridge has come to hand. It is clear and concise. Prince GORTSCHAKOFF acknowledges his defeat, and attributes his losses to excess of ardor in the right column. He says: "The enemy having driven back our attack, did not dare take the offensive, despite its numerical superiority." This last assertion varies somewhat from the tenor of Gen. SIMPSON'S dispatch, wherein it is stated that the Allies had only 15,000 men engaged. In a letter from Paris, the correspondent of the London *Times* asserts that Austria shows at last unequivocal signs of cession to the active policy of the Allies. We must be permitted to doubt any such thing. The riots at Angers, France, supposed at first to have been caused by the high price of bread, are now said to have been instigated by politicians of the Socialist school. The general news from Europe, considering that it is only twelve hours later than that brought by the *Africa*, is interesting.

A Few Words to the Merchants—Our City Charities.

It is honorable to our merchants that the great interests of humanity depend almost entirely upon them. Our religious organizations, and *especially the charities which are* seeking to elevate the poor and ignorant, draw their means principally from the wealth of the business classes. Probably more is given and more is being personally done by the mercantile community in this City for the destitute and debased classes than in any other place in the world. Yet this very fact throws an especial responsibility upon them. If their sympathies are allowed to be called forth in a wrong direction, or if they suffer the indolence and selfishness to creep over them, which is so ready to creep over all great movements of wise charity and education will fall at once to the ground.

Returning now to the City after the weeks or months of leisure, the old calls for aid to charities and schools and churches will sound in their ears again, and they not only must listen to them, but listen carefully and judiciously. The past has shown that not everything which appeals to pity or to philanthropy is at once to be regarded. Good sense does not always go with benevolence, and a popular movement may be very merciful, which shall also be very useless. Our people are usually too ready to follow the voice of the day, and to give or act in what happens at that time to be the popular enterprise. It is so much easier to give than to think, that it is no wonder every effort among us which bears the sacred name of charity draws forth rich endowments. This should not be. Poverty and vice we must expect always with us, but not, of necessity, Pauperism. For this there are certain principles of cure, and to give aid without regard to these is only to confirm the disease. Our country does not present those hopeless and complicated evils in the lower strata of society which afflict the Old World. Everywhere there is life and a youthful vigor with us. Even the disorders which come to us from over the waters may find here their natural remedies. We propose then to present to our merchants a few common sense principles, which should guide them in their charities during the coming season.

We assume that those movements and organizations which lie at the basis of all charities, and even of civilization itself, *will of course be liberally supported.* The churches and the schools are now parts of the American life, which cannot be separated from it. While we retain the Republic, we shall certainly hold to these.

In our City charities, that especially should be upheld which has a *preventive*, before that which has only a reformatory, character. No classes are to be despaired of. Modern benevolence has shown that the prisoner, the drunkard, and the prostitute, may be reclaimed. Charity and religion have drawn rich harvests from the very mire and filth of our cities. Still, these enterprises, generous as they are, are comparatively only exceptional.

After every new tale of heroism and horror in base surroundings, of purity amid vileness, of gifted and noble natures rescued from sinks of sensuality and crime, the calm experience of human life tells us that such things are only the rare occurrence amid the great facts of indulgence and vice. It is not the rescue from destruction which should be the highest aim of a wise Charity, but the keeping people away from the danger. As we have already urged, with respect to "Model Lodging-houses," whatever will improve the Home of the poor man—still more, whatever will educate his children in morality and industry, and most of all, whatever will solve the great problem of the supply of labor to its legitimate demand, are the grand aims of rational Benevolence. We should be chiefly endeavoring

—Give, give freely to Reformatory, to Drunkards' Refuges, to Magdalens' Asylums, to Philanthropies which search the prison and the brothel. They are noble and heroic movements; blessing society far beyond the personal influence of the wretches whom they save. But if you would aid that which shall reach deep and wide through social life, which shall prevent poverty and check crime long after you are gone, and shall bear fruits far away among those who never can know or hear of your effort; give to whatever shall educate and christianize the children of the poor and the debased. Erect for them better homes; open schools of industry; send missionaries among them, and above all, help to place them where labor is in demand, and where it receives easily its fair equivalent.

The plain fact and evil here, is, that there are more hands then work, and the laborers are beyond their demand.

The simple cure and relief is, that in the great country there is more work than there are hands to do it. The main object then is, in our City, not to relieve or to retain the poor, or in any way to afford temptations to idleness and dependence, but simply to get them out of the City. Send those strong hands, where muscles are money to the farmer; where there is hope of wealth and comfort, and education to the laborer. *Get rid of the poor!* Selfish as it sounds, it is the kindest thing that can be done for them. Let us have as few local charities as possible; let soup associations and such operations be among the things of the past; let us require of every wide charity which demands our aid, that it embrace one of two principles, either Education or Emigration.

We would not specify any one movement or society in our columns, but we must commend such institutions as "Model Lodging Houses," the "Home of the Friendless," and Mr. PEABE'S "House of Industry," in so far as they look to the objects above specified; and, with the same limitation, the "Industrial Schools," "Children's Aid Society," and "Employment Society." These are the true objects now of a prudent Liberality. Gifts to each of them, as individual judgment may decide, will in all probability be wisely applied. Even if, however, any one should be unwisely managed, the principles on which they are ostensibly based are wise and true. We bespeak for them all, and for others of like character, a liberal support during the coming year.

Lieut. Maury on the Land.

Mr. MAURY, having achieved a success so signal upon the sea, has left that unstable element, and turned the rays of his illuminating genius upon the land. As he has enlisted a strong corps of salt-water people to do his bidding, to watch the flying of the spray, and eye the set of the under-currents, and, as it were, to seize old NEPTUNE by the fore-top and make him tell all he does, and, by these little acts of violence, doing much for the world,—so he now proposes to set on the agricultural population, so that new ideas may be developed through its agency from the skies that water and the earth that yields. In short, it is a system of Meteorology for Farmers which the gallant Lieutenant intends to inaugurate. We wish him joy of the experiment; nothing doubting that in this he will succeed as well as he has in everything else, though not, perhaps, in equal measure.

It is proposed that the changes of temperature, the occurrence of storms, the prevalence of rains, the extremity of drouth, shall be closely observed by a corps of volunteer Meteorologists, whose plan of operations shall be a system of thorough cooperation. The idea is very similar to that pursued in the investigation of the phenomena of winds and currents. The parties who may undertake the task are invited to report to the Government, and for payment's sake, will each be furnished with a copy of the results, —after results shall have been calculated. The discovery of new truths, the development of secrets that yet remain securely locked up, the wisdom which the farming population will be in a way to acquire, the safeguards that the tiller of the land will place about him and his,—are the inducements held out to enterprising men to undertake this work. Head-quarters for these land observations, as well as those which are made upon the sea, will be fixed at Washington.

The theory of such a plan of operating is very plausible. But does it promise practical results? If we are to accept Mr. MAURY'S exposition, it does. He cites the well-established law of the progression of storms—shows that every storm that occurs has a beginning, and necessarily an end—a fact which nobody will dispute—and goes further, to demonstrate that the laws which affect the changes of the atmosphere are uniform and certain; that we may, by dint of study, unravel the mysteries of Atmospheric Currents as well as those of Gulf Streams and belts of heated waters, and that the farmer, when once apprised of the rate of progress of a storm, may reasonably expect to be an unvarying almanac unto himself, and so predict the periods of the advent of the floods. Hence, the benefits to the crops, and through them to the farmer's pocket.

An office for the reception of Meteorological observations is in existence at Washington; having been established by Mr. CALHOUN, during his Secretaryship in the War Department. It now receives the returns from the military stations of the Government. Upon the basis of this organization, Mr. MAURY proposes to erect his superstructure. His plan is in the market for an airing. Farmers are respectfully invited to communicate freely, work cheerily, and so make us and themselves wiser and better men.

☞ Mr. JOHN Y. CEBRA, of the firm of CEBRA & CUMMING, and formerly Alderman of the First Ward in this City, died at his residence, at Staten Island, on Thursday evening.

Book Publishers' Festival.

We intimated a few weeks since that the New-York Publishers' Association intended to give a blow-out to the trade and the Authors of America, by way of inaugurating their new Book-sale. The arrangements for the feast have all been completed, and the gathering will take place on the 27th inst., in the north wing of the Crystal Palace. The festival is to be of a strictly temperate character, so far as wine and liquors are concerned, and ladies will be among the invited guests. The preparation of the feast is to be under the supervision of Mr. CHARLES A. STETSON, of the Astor House. The authors, authoresses and authorlings, who have been invited to this unique entertainment, nearly all of whom have signified their intention of being present, number two hundred, while the members of the trade are about double the number; so that there will be about six hundred guests seated at the tables, and the galleries will be filled by ladies, who will enjoy the privilege of looking on. Among the authors will be WASHINGTON IRVING and among the speakers will be EDWARD EVERETT, JOHN P. KENNEDY, CHAS. SUMNER, BRYANT, the poet; Bishop POTTER, of Pa.; Rev. Drs. BELLOWS, BETHUNE, CHAPIN, OSGOOD; Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER, the poet HOLMES, the President of Girard College, the President of Columbia College, Lieutenant MAURY, G. P. R. JAMES, the novelist; J. T. FIELDS, of Boston; Hon. CALEB CUSHING, and the Mayors of Boston, Philadelphia and New-York; the first two being literary men and authors of books. Mr. THACKERAY will be among the speakers if he should arrive in season. Taking it altogether, the occasion, the company, the place, and the festival, will be a rare and brilliant entertainment, and one to be remembered by those who have the pleasure of partaking in it.

The following is a copy of the letter of invitation, enclosing an elegant card of most formidable dimensions:

ROOMS OF THE NEW-YORK BOOK PUBLISHERS' ASSOCIATION, No. 348 Broadway, NEW-YORK, Aug. 20, 1855.

DEAR SIR: We have the honor to enclose an invitation for an entertainment to be given by our Association to the Authors, Booksellers and Publishers of the United States and Canada, at the Crystal Palace, on the 27th of September next. We hope to have the pleasure of seeing you among our guests on the occasion—the first of the kind in nearly twenty years. We shall endeavor to make it a pleasant and acceptable reunion of those connected with the book-world, both as authors and as business men. If we may expect to be favored with your company, will you be kind enough to inform our Secretary before the 10th September.

Respectfully yours,
W. H. APPLETON, President,
A. S. BARNES, Vice-President,
LOWELL MASON, Jr., Treasurer,
G. P. PUTNAM, Secretary,
CHAS. SCRIBNER, }
H. H. LAMPORT, } Directors,
WM. ORTON, }
Executive Committee.

COPY OF THE CARD.

THE NEW-YORK BOOK PUBLISHERS' ASSOCIATION
Request the Honor of Mr. ——— 's company
AT
A COMPLIMENTARY FRUIT FESTIVAL,
To
TO AUTHORS AND BOOKSELLERS,
At the Crystal Palace on Thursday, Sept. 27, 1855, at 6 o'clock.

Committee on Festival—G. P. PUTNAM, C. A. ROLLO, G. A. LEAVITT.

Executive Committee—H. H. LAMPORT, CHAS. SCRIBNER, WM. ORTON. W. H. APPLETON, President.
A. S. BARNES, Vice President.
L. MASON, Jr., Treasurer.
G. P. PUTNAM, Secretary.

The Maine Election.

The additional returns received by us only serve to confirm more fully the peculiar complexion they had already taken on. There are about a hundred places to be yet heard from, and if those vote as at the previous election, the majority against MORRILL will be between seven and eight thousand, and the aggregate vote of the State about 127,500. The Senate consists of 31 members; 21 Anti-Morrill, 9 Morrill, and 1 not elected. The House consists of 151 members. Of these 65 are Anti-Morrill, 43 Morrill, and 43 yet to hear from.

Vermont Election.

We find in the *Vermont Republican* of the 14th very full returns of the recent election, from which we get the following footings: MORRIS, Republican, 24,329; CLARK, Democrat, 19,302; scattering, 4,721. Majority for Morris, 5,027. The total vote against the Administration is 29,050, and the majority against it 16,048. The Senate stands unanimously against Morrill, and the House has a majority against it of nearly 150.

ERIE COUNTY FAIR.—On Wednesday, Mr. GREELEY delivered the address at the Agricultural Fair of Erie County. He spoke of the importance of Agriculture, urged upon farmers the necessity of being good farmers, recommended them to have the best of implements, to restore worn out lands, to plow deep, to drain deep, and to think deeply. He puffed a windmill pump, said that Agriculture should be taught in the Common Schools, and declared that nothing can exceed the folly of flocking to the cities, when the country has surviving fields, and its meadow-stretches are waiting to be broken up. Mr. GREELEY says he is a farmer only on Saturdays; by-and-by he proposes to attack the earth continually. In response to a circular note from B. P. JOHNSON, Secretary of the State Agricultural Society, the Erie farmers voted that the State Fairs should have a permanent location.

Dilatory Telegraphs.

The Telegraph seems to be sadly out of joint. The latest examples of its dilatoriness which have come to our knowledge, are the following: A dispatch, requiring an immediate answer, was sent from this City to Saratoga, about 10 o'clock on Tuesday morning. It was not received by the party to whom it was addressed till next morning. The line employed was the House line, Astor House. Another dispatch, sent by the same line on Thursday morning about 9 o'clock, had not reached Saratoga by 2½ o'clock P. M. On *Wednesday morning*, a dispatch was sent from Saratoga at 9 o'clock A. M., and did not reach this City *until 4½ o'clock P. M.*—seven and a half hours afterwards. Telegraphic currents, according to this showing, are not so much quicker than railroads, after all. The operator, or somebody, needs overhauling. Who is to blame?

Amusements.

The Fall season has now regularly set in. Every theatre in New-York (except the Academy of Music) is open. A brisk struggle for the lion's share of patronage has commenced and will doubtless continue during the entire Winter. A general impression prevails that the season will be a prosperous one. It is needed, for the last was anything but satisfactory. Even the Academy of Music, with the redoubtable WIKOFF at its head, lost money, in spite, too, of painfully crowded houses. What an affecting mystery a theatre bench is! Crowded or empty, it never betrays the secrets of the treasury. It always breathes a delightful aroma of box office; always suggest, the possibility of fifty cents having been disbursed in that sacred temple for the privilege of sitting on it. Even dead heads themselves cannot scan the benches with anything like certainty, for it is a beautiful and affecting trait of the dead head's character that he always believes his neighbor has paid. Now the Academy of Music under the Wikoffian rule was crowded every night. The arm chairs looked as cheerful as it was possible for those social tombstones to look. All the critics tickled themselves with the belief that genial and wholesome criticism had produced this happy result. Sometimes to be sure when they pitched into the Academy, they were a little surprised to find the attendance still the same, and this circumstance may have given rise to some doubts. But the organ of the Wikoffian cabinet never missed an opportunity of bragging about the prosperity of the concern, and it got to be believed. Now, alas! we are in possession of the sad fact that those picturesque arm-chairs contained each its separate skeleton dead-head! Sir, dead heads, all of them! The season was a failure, and lots of money was thrown away in printing respectable tickets for men who wouldn't go to the expense of the pasteboard for an admission. We are told that the Venetians possessed goblets which would instantly detect the presence of poison. What a horrible thing it

Last season, then, was a failure all round, and this it is hoped, will make up for it. Great efforts have been made by our managers to secure the best talent and with signal success. Mr. WALLACK has secured one of the strongest and best assorted companies ever gathered together in a New-York theatre. It is available for any purpose whatever. Indeed this was necessary, for we learn that it is Mr. WALLACK'S intention to deviate from the beaten track of English Comedy and strike out into newer and more wholesome fields. There was promise in the opening night, too, albeit Mr. BROUGHAM'S Comedy did not turn out so well as we thought it would. There can be no doubt, however, that the proper policy of a first-class house is to rely as much as possible on its own resources, and avoid the mean struggle for stolen goods. If Mr. WALLACK produces a new and original piece, it is his own, and people can only see it at his house. But if Mr. WALLACK cribs a London piece, Mr. BURTON is bound to do the same, and a clashing of interests immediately ensues.

Although Mr. BURTON has produced no novelty this season so far, we feel sure he will keep up with any kind of competition, particularly in the way of original plays. He must not call London pieces "new and original," though. They are not often that on the other side of the water, and still less so here. The company at the Chambers-street house, so far as we have been able to see it, is a good practicable sort of company, but not unusually brilliant. Mr. DYOTT and Miss KATE REIGNOLDS are the chief additions. We need say nothing about the former, and the latter has not infused us with a desire to write a long notice. Mr. BURTON will probably have some stars during the season, or he may have some great guns in reserve.

TOM TAYLOR'S new Comedy, "Still Waters, &c.," has been played nightly since its production, and will, no doubt, have a run. Mr. BURTON plays the principal character—one *John Mildmay*, a blunt honest Yorkshire gentleman, who is generally believed to be a fool by every one, but who turns out in the end to be the shrewdest of men. The quiet, unsuspicious but watchful way he goes about everything, disarms his opponents, who are plotting against him. He is, in fact, an amateur detective officer, and acts with the gentlemanly smoothness of a professional one. Mr. TAYLOR has expended much care on the elaboration of this character, and has certainly succeeded in stamping it with a great deal of individuality. In other respects the Comedy is not remarkable, except for its extreme talkativeness.

The RAVELS have drawn immense audiences to the Broadway every evening this week; last night GABRIEL took his benefit, and to-night the troupe appears for the last time, after which, the Broadway Theatre will close for the season. Our readers need not be plunged into grief at the announcement. The recess at the Broadway Theatre is of very short duration; just sufficient to let the doorkeepers and money-takers say their prayers. On Monday, the Fall campaign commences with Mr. DAVENPORT and the "legitimate." Mr. MARSHALL does not fear to run his "starp" against the great blazing "star" of the Metropolitan Theatre. Let us hope there will be no frightful convulsion of nature in consequence.

Mlle. RACHEL repeated her great performance of *Camille* last night to a house about two-thirds full. Such an audience will, we suppose, be more than sufficient to meet the current expenses of the establishment, supposing the usual rates of admission were paid. But *it presents no cheering prospect for the future.* Whatever Mlle. RACHEL'S present ideas may be, we do not doubt but she will come round to the American view of the tariff subject ere long and adapt herself to what is customary here, instead of vainly striving to force our public to follow her European usages. In the meantime we are flooded with letters from all sorts of people, bearing with more or less vigor on the subject of prices. One gentleman, whose weak brain has evidently been affected by late hours and a fast life, sorrowfully enumerates the articles he has to go without in order that he may see RACHEL, and talks in a maudling way about injury to trade. The first item on our correspondent's list is, "one bundle of cigars," and the last reads thus, "a dozen on the half shell."

In the way of music there is literally nothing stirring. A feeble effort was made on Wednesday to [illegible] was called to [illegible] for establishing a Musical Festival similar to the great ones of Europe; but it fell through after appointing a Corresponding Committee. It was not a little amusing to observe how quickly the idea of a Musical Festival degenerated into a mere speculation. Art was lost sight of altogether, and it became a question of how it would pay to bring societies from distant places to New-York to attend the Anniversaries. It was settled, after a little discussion, that there was no place of amusement in New-York sufficiently large for the immense audience that would be required!

Concert.

Mlle. PARODI'S Brooklyn Concert at the Athenæum, last night, attracted a fine audience, and passed off with great satisfaction.

The Concert announced for to-night at Niblo's is postponed until Tuesday next, in consequence of RACHEL'S performance at the Metropolitan.

Items.

The Birmingham Musical Festival (Eng.) has just been brought to a close with signal success. This musical event takes place once in four years, and exercises a considerable influence on the taste of the country. The proceeds of the concerts are handed over to the general hospital of the town, and are sufficient to greatly benefit that institution. The original feature of the present anniversary was a new Oratorio, from the pen of Mr. COSTA, the great conductor. "Eli," the work in question, was received with unequivocal favor. The critics are wonderfully unanimous about its merits. It was in the town of Birmingham that Mr. COSTA began his English career, nearly thirty years ago, and a good deal of kindness has existed between the interested parties ever since. The proceeds of the Festival will not fall short of sixty thousand dollars. Pretty good for four days' work.

The Hutchinson Family (JUDSON, JOHN and ASA) were at Cleveland, Ohio, on Thursday.

MRS. JULIA DEAN HAYNE is at MACFARLAND'S Metropolitan Theatre, Detroit. Her benefit was last evening.

KATE HAYES.—This distinguished operatic singer cleared $80,000 during her stay in Australia. She is now at Batavia.

Three theatres are in full blast in the city of Baltimore—the Charles-street, (with Miss FANNY MORANT,) the Holliday-street, (with ENDER and wife,) and the Museum.

Mr. NEAFIE, the tragedian, has been playing at the Albany Theatre. They brought out a new play on Thursday, called "Fresco, or the Liberator of Genoa."

A new theatre, called the "Dramatic Temple," was opened on Wednesday last in Columbus, Ohio under the direction of the proprietors, JOHN M. KINNEY & Co.

The following ladies and gentlemen compose the Dramatic Department:

Mr. D. Hanchett, W. L. Forrest, F. L. Kent, D. Vandeering, H. Gossie, D. Healey, G. A. Pratt, M. Deering, C. Lovett, R. E. Miles, C. W. Powell, Hibbon, Feltus, A. H. Seaman, B. Castleton. Miss Deering, Mrs. Deering, Mrs. Hanchett, Mrs. Powell, Mrs. Hogan, Miss Armstrong, Miss Duncan, Miss Jerome, Miss Tonks, and the much admired and fascinating danseuse, La Bella Oceana!

Mrs. DUFFIELD, (formerly Miss KATE WENTZ,) is at the Pittsburg Theatre.

Mlle. LA GRANGE, BRIGNOLI, MORELLI and AMODIO, gave a grand morning concert at the New Hall, Cincinnati, on Thursday last.

Mlle. PARODI gives a grand concert at the Musical Fund Hall, on Thursday next.

Mr. and Mrs. CONWAY are at the Arch-street Theatre; Mr. DAVENPORT at the Walnut, and Mr. T. B. JOHNSTON (manager) at the City Museum, Philadelphia.

The Boston Theatre, the National, and the Museum, are getting along with their stock companies. Mrs. FARREN has been reengaged at the last mentioned place.

COLLINS, the Irish Comedian, is at the St. Louis Theatre. The People's Theatre, in the same city, is also open.

☞ The officers of our army in Mexico had a pleasant reunion last evening at DELMONICO'S. The generous Committee of Arrangements left their host to pay the bill for the Reporters—except those of two, representing a paper which, unless it is a greater admirer of flunkeyism than we had ever supposed it to be, will only repay the partiality with contempt.

AN Irish woman in Portland, Me., gave birth to five children on the 12th ult., all of whom are alive and healthy.

THE TEXAN FILIBUSTERERS.

Importance from Northern Mexico—Return of the Filibustering Plenipotentiary from Montezuma—Stock-Jobbing of Captain Memphis Volunteers.

A correspondent, writing from San Antonio, Texas, on the 10th ult., gives us some interesting and important intelligence from Mexico. He says: "In my last letter I told you that FORD, of the Austin Texas, was the leader of the filibustering expedition to Mexico. Some time previous, a Colonel LAGENDRE arrived here from New-Orleans. He used to be Inspector General of the Northern Mexican Provinces, and is said to have been banished by SANTA ANA. I do not exactly know why he came here, but I know that FORD, CRANE (of the Gulind Tree Americans) and other filibusters leaders endeavored to secure him for a military chief, as the Colonel had been in the Danish and, for upwards of twenty years, in the Mexican service. He is also very popular in the Northern Provinces of Mexico. I do not know what promises were made to him, but from his own mouth I heard the conditions upon which alone he was willing to serve. They were as follows:

First, That the Mexicans themselves desired aid from this side of the Rio Grande, and to ascertain this he should be permitted to visit Mexico himself.

Second, That a force of at least 2,000 well-armed and well disciplined men should be in readiness to march, and

Third, That means (about $30,000) should be placed at his disposal, so that he and his associates might be able to pay for everything they wanted.

"It seems," continues our correspondent, "that when FORD and his friends could not prevail upon the gallant Colonel to abandon his conditions, they requested him to meet them and other influential men at AUSTIN. I have no doubt but that the Colonel persisted in the course he first adopted. When he returned here, the last company of filibusters had started for the scene of action. I venture to say that the Colonel was glad of being left behind, as it was well known that the filibusters were composed of the desperadoes of the whole country. He had always expressed decided hostility to a marauding and robbing expedition. The Slavery question is obviously at the bottom of this whole enterprise.

I have dwelt thus much on Col. LAGENDRE, as I believe he is destined to play a prominent part in the tragedy about being enacted in Northern Mexico. He left San Antonio lately for Eagle Pass, where he remained until all the towns of the State of Cohahuila had pronounced, and he was called upon by the people to take command. Since then he marched with his troops to NAVVA, which immediately declared against SANTA ANA.

Many of the Filibusteros have returned and dispersed. It is said that Captain HENRY (of the NAPOLEON-like proclamations) and FORD had only from forty to fifty men with them. Rumor says that they went over the Rio Grande, but were suddenly surrounded either by General WOLL or the revolutionary troops, and were all made captives, or by the Indians under WILD CAT, who hung them without benefit of clergy. I do not vouch for the truth of these rumors, but it is certain that both political parties in Mexico have informed them that their services were not wanted, and that they would be dealt with as marauders if they crossed the Rio Grande.

Arrival of the Knoxville.

The steamship *Knoxville* arrived last night from Savannah.

On the 13th inst., 4 o'clock P. M., 12 miles north of *Hatteras, exchanged signals with steamer State of Georgia*, bound south.

We are indebted to Purser WANDELL for favors.

The Emigrant Commissioners' Reform.

We are not going to compliment the Commissioners of Emigration on their shrewdness in getting rid of the reporters. The game is getting old and had worked more than it will. It was, to adjourn the regular meeting over—keeping private the time and place of the extra session—and doing all the important business at these private unannounced sessions. Yesterday's was such an extra session.

It is all nonsense. The Commissioners are doing a good work now and should not be ashamed of it, however unwise their first spirts at reform may be vs been. Their new proposed organization at Ward's Island promises, if adopted, to convert that most extraordinary and stinking nuisance into a model hospital. Their Castle Garden operation has killed out the race of "runners;" saved thousands to the emigrants that they were wont to be swindled out of; sent to the thrifty West thousands of able men, with money in their pockets, that would have been left paupers in our streets by the late shameful disorganization. Honor to the new spirits in the Board that quietly and faithfully have worked this change.

Jewish New-Years.

MR. EDITOR: Can you tell a subscriber why all my Jewish neighbors on Thursday last did no work, and dressed up, and received company, and had champagne for dinner, and altogether looked as if they were having a good time? A SUB.

Because it was the opening day of their temporal new year, and the beginning of a series of holy days.

MASSACHUSETTS.—Hon. FRANCIS B. FAY, ex-M. C., (Whig,) has addressed a letter to a Republican Union meeting in his own town, Chelsea, in which he says:

"The South are uniting on the one side of the question, and why not we on the other? For one I am prepared to forego all party ties, pass over all other questions, and unite with my fellow-citizens of *any* and *all* antecedents, to promote this object."

SLAVEHOLDERS CONVENTION—EMANCIPATION IN KENTUCKY.—It has been proposed to us, by several gentlemen who own Slaves in Kentucky, that they (the Slaveholders) hold a Convention at Frankfort to adopt some plan for the Abolition of Slavery, and that we so announce it; and that Hon. W. H. LUKE of Pendleton County, a Slaveholder, be appointed by the friends of the Convention, as one in this part of the State to draw up a proposition for its gradual Abolition.—*Newport (Ky.) News.*

BUSINESS NOTICES.

S. & M. B. TOWLE & CO. WILL OPEN ON SATURDAY a splendid stock of Broche, Stella, and Plaid Shawls, Moire Antique, Velvet, Satin, and Cloth Cloaks and Talmas, comprising all the latest styles in choice and selected colors. Columbian Hall, No. 281 Grand-st.

IMPROVEMENTS IN THE ASTOR HOUSE.—Mr. CRISTADORO has recently enlarged and embellished his premises, No. 6 Astor House, at an expense of some three hundred dollars. This establishment may now be justly termed a model of its class. The eye is not oppressed by a glare of gazing and German looking glasses—but rests upon classic bas-reliefs, and a collection of paintings by the old masters, which has probably few equals in this country. The ornamental work is in good taste, and not overdone, and the appliances of convenience and comfort are worthy of all praise. An elegant suite of private apartments, for dining and dressing the hair, is one of the main features of the new improvements. These rooms are as elegantly fitted up as a *lady's boudoir; the whole interior has been elegantly refurbished*, and the chairs especially are superb. The fancy store has just been supplied from Paris and London with *perfumery cutlery, hair materials*, and a variety of fashionable furnishing goods, including Paris satins, gloves, cravats, &c., &c. Every article is of the first quality, and warranted to be direct importation. The immense success of his EXCELSIOR HAIR DYE, and the increase of his business generally, has compelled Mr. CRISTADORO to make a corresponding enlargement of his accommodations for customers.

P. S.—Mr CRISTADORO will give his exclusive attention to one of the hair cutting departments from 9 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M.

TEA, COFFEE AND SUGAR.—UNQUESTIONABLY the place to procure these precious articles of domestic consumption, at moderate prices, is at the ROWSEY TEA WAREHOUSE, No. 113 Bowery, or at the CHELSEA TEA WAREHOUSE, No. 114 9th-av. These well known establishments are identical in their system of management, and by confining themselves to but those articles, possess advantages over stores retailing a variety, too well known to need comment. Please examine before purchasing elsewhere. N. B.—The Bowery Tea Warehouse is located just below Grand-st. No. 113, east side, and may be distinguished by the "Little Giant" in the window, who surprises every beholder by his strength and industry in supplying the numerous patrons of this establishment with fresh ground Coffee, in quantities to suit, and in quality to please.

DR. S. S. FITCH, AUTHOR OF THE "SIX LECTURES on Consumption," Office No. 714 Broadway, will be pleased to afford relief to those who have been injured, or who have failed to be benefited by the specialty of inhalation, for diseases of the lungs or throat. Open daily (Sundays excepted,) from 9 to 5 o'clock. Treats consumption, asthma, loss of the voice, and all chronic diseases of males and females. Consultation free. Dr. S. S. FITCH is always at home, and there is no person elsewhere, traveling or otherwise, in anyway connected with him, or authorized to sell from his office or refer patients to him.

WIGS, WIGS, WIGS.

BATCHELOR'S Wigs and Toupees surpass in elegance and variety all in the known world. The perfection of practical science and beauty, combining the grand desiderata, ease and durability. Also, BATCHELOR'S famed Molleria Cream for preserving and stimulating the hair.
BATCHELOR, No. 233 Broadway.

MERIAM'S HEATED TERM AGAIN!—MERCURY runs high, yet there is no abatement in the great demand for the World's Fair Medallion Velvet Carpets at HIRAM ANDERSON'S, No. 59 Bowery, P. O.—Open on the 19th Tuesday at 9a. per yard; 50,000 yards beautiful Tapestries at 4s. and 5s. per yard.

FALL CLOTHING—COMPLETE CASSIMERE suits, of various patterns, $10; splendid Fall overcoats, $6 to $10; beautiful blue cloth dress coats, $9; beautiful velvet and silk plush vests, $2, $3, &c. RYAN'S
Clothing Warehouse, Nos. 66 and 68 Fulton-st.

FALL STYLE FOR 1855.—NOW READY AT THE New Hat Co.'s, Nos. 149 and 151 Nassau-st. Most quality $3 only. The public are invited to call. We sell a single hat at wholesale price. Call and see.

RHODES' FEVER AND AGUE REMEDY.
OR ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA.
[illegible]
New-York, September [illegible], 1855.
I have made a chemical examination of "RHODES' FEVER AND AGUE CURE," or "ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA," and have found it to be Arsenic, Strychnine, Quinine, or Sulphate, but have not found a particle of either in it; nor have I found any substance in its composition that would prove injurious to the constitution.
JAMES R. CHILTON, [illegible]
No. 51 SACKETT-ST.,
SOUTH BROOKLYN, N. Y., Sept. 1, 1855.

DR. S. A. RHODES:—*Dear Sir*: The wonderful cure performed in my family by your Fever and Ague medicine has induced me, unsolicited as it is, to say that it has acted with extraordinary effect. I had been suffering for two months, this Summer, with the chills and fever, (which I caught in Pennsylvania last Fall,) and during my encampment, with the "Corner's Horse," I was seldom free from it.—It weakened me,—destroyed my energy,—and unsettled my mind.

During our Western tour I inquired for your medicine, but could not get it in New Hampshire, Vermont or Maine. After the Bands had disbanded, I went home, and was again taken sick;—the first bottle cured the chills and fever,—and after two doses, I was better; feeling a better appetite, and over exertion by walking in the sun,—I took another dose, and the second bottle has entirely cured me. I am getting robust and well,—and it would be ingratitude not to inform you of the efficacy of your valuable medicine.

I am constantly traveling in all parts of the United States, in the cement business, and shall feel much pleased to recommend it to all persons suffering from this distressing complaint.

I am in Providence, at Howard Hall, in June; but did not then know of your cure.

If you want a certificate of its efficacy, please write me a line and I will give you one. It may be of some service to you, as I am well known through out the country, especially in Pennsylvania, Ohio, North Carolina, Illinois, Virginia, &c. I remain your grateful servant,
W. S. HARRISON.

P. S.—I should have said that I took quinine in considerable quantities, which only checked the chills; but your medicine effected a perfect cure.

GEO. H. BATES, Wholesale Agent, No. 19 Water-st., and for sale by C. H. RING, C. V. CLICKENER & CO., WELLS & CO., W. S. DUNHAM, Brooklyn, Mrs. M. HAYES, and Druggists generally.

DESHLER'S
FEVER AND AGUE PILLS,
THE MOST CONVENIENT,
SAFEST,
AND ONLY RADICAL CURE FOR
FEVER AND AGUE.
Sold by C. D. DESHLER, Agent, at the Depot, No. 324 Broadway, New-York, and by all respectable dealers.

"Her sunny locks
Hang on her temples like a golden fleece"
[Shakspeare.
TO ALL WHO DESIRE THESE "SUNNY LOCKS," we recommend the use of LYON'S world renowned KATHAIRON.

Its wonderful effect in restoring, preserving and beautifying the hair, and eleansing it from dandruff and all other impurities, together with its delightful perfume, have rendered it an indispensable article of toilet. Its immense sale and unprecedented popularity, have stamped it the cheapest and most beneficial preparation for the hair ever made. Sold everywhere in large bottles for 25 cents.
HEATH, WINCOOP & CO., Proprietors.
No. 66 Liberty st., New-York.

FAIR, FASHION.—THE PROPRIETOR OF THE West End Emporium, No. 220 Canal-st., calls attention to his beautiful style of Fall Hats; and although not surpassed by surpass every other manufacturer, warrants them to be light, elegant, durable, and what is equally essential, economical. J. W. KELLOGG.

CARPETINGS.—PETERSON & HUMPHREY, No. 375 Broadway, have just opened, and now in stock, a large and splendid lot of rich Brussels Carpets, at 5s. per yard. Other Carpets equally low. PETERSON & HUMPHREY, No. 375 Broadway.

BANKERS,
BROKERS,
MERCHANTS,
PUBLISHERS,
MANUFACTURERS,
JEWELLERS,
INSURANCE COMPANIES,
HOTEL KEEPERS,
BUSINESS MEN
"and the rest of mankind," should recollect that SILAS C. HERRING does not now make
WILDER'S PATENT SALAMANDER SAFE,
but this "world renowned" Safe can now be obtained of
S. C. WILDER & CO.,
Patentees and Manufacturers,
No. 128 Water-st., near Wall, N. Y.
N. B.—No Money, Books or Papers were ever lost in one of WILDER'S PATENT SALAMANDER SAFES, and burglars are always foiled, as we supply
The best Powder and Burglar Proof Locks.

PIANO-FORTES AND MELODEONS!
JOHN F. WARE & CO.
No. 167 Canal-st., near Varick-st.
Fully warranted for seven years. Prices moderate, equal to any in the City, and at the lowest. Rear from Broadway piano. N. B.—Pianos tuned and repaired, or exchanged. Second-hand Pianos at great bargains.

FAMILY MEDICINES,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
BARNES & PARMELEE,
No. 206 Broadway, corner Duane-st.
NATIVE WINES.

TUTTLE'S EMPORIUM
OF
English, French, German and American
FANCY GOODS, NOVELTIES AND TOYS.
No. 265 Broadway.

THE THOUSANDS WHOSE CONSTITUTIONS have been shattered, and their systems poisoned by the use of mercury, should give the following testimony their earnest consideration.
DR. GILES, Newton Hamilton, Pa., May, 1855, said: "I have used, my self, half a dozen bottles of HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS for liver complaint and diseases of a mercurial character

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

☞ Mr. Chapin, Universalist, Church, Second-ave., corner of Fifth-st., will preach at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

☞ Rev. Dr. Bellows, Unitarian, Church, Fourth-st., near Broadway, will preach at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

☞ Rev. Dr. Osgood, Church of the Divine Unity, Fourth-st., near Broadway, will preach at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

☞ Rev. Dr. Hawks, Church of the Messiah, Broadway, corner of Prince-st., will preach at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

☞ Rev. Dr. Cheever, Church of the Divine Life, Broadway, corner of Bleecker-st., will preach at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

☞ Rev. Dr. Thompson, Church, Fifth-st., near Broadway, will preach at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

☞ Rev. Dr. Spencer, Church, Fifth-st., near Broadway, will preach at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

☞ Rev. Dr. Ludlow, Church, Fifth-st., near Broadway, will preach at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

☞ Rev. Dr. Potts, Church, Fifth-st., near Broadway, will preach at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

☞ Rev. Dr. Adams, Church, Fifth-st., near Broadway, will preach at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

☞ Rev. Dr. Tyng, Church, Fifth-st., near Broadway, will preach at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

☞ Rev. Dr. Vinton, Church, Fifth-st., near Broadway, will preach at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

☞ Rev. Dr. Taylor, Church, Fifth-st., near Broadway, will preach at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

☞ Rev. Dr. Hutton, Church, Fifth-st., near Broadway, will preach at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

☞ Rev. Dr. Hall, Church, Fifth-st., near Broadway, will preach at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

☞ Rev. Dr. Bethune, Church, Fifth-st., near Broadway, will preach at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

☞ Rev. Dr. Ferris, Church, Fifth-st., near Broadway, will preach at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

☞ Rev. Dr. Cox, Church, Fifth-st., near Broadway, will preach at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

☞ Rev. Dr. Chapin

INSTRUCTION.

BROOKLYN COLLEGIATE AND POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE.—The Board of Trustees of this Institution have the honor to announce the opening of the 26th year of its existence, under the Presidency of JOHN H. RAYMOND, LL.D., late of the University of Nashville. Professors, Tutors and Teachers in every Department of Instruction.

It has been the aim of the Board of Trustees, in the erection of the Institution, and the appointment of the Professors, to combine with the most liberal, the most practical education. Here pupils receive private and individual instruction, where necessary, in all those preparatory studies which may enable them to enter the Junior Class with credit to themselves and honor to their instructors. There are already in the Institute, pupils from the families of the Principal Officers of the Army and Navy, and from the families of the Professors, Merchants, Mechanics and Farmers of Brooklyn and the Island generally. Students are also received from other States, and from the Islands of the Pacific. Parents may also be assured of APPROPRIATE ATTENTION to the moral and religious training of their children.

For further information, apply at the Institute, No. 106 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A gentleman and lady, desiring a suitable place in this City for the instruction of themselves, and who are not acquainted with Bible Translations, the Science of sound of the present volume are suspended as appropriate references? [illegible] Hall, M. D., Joseph Wenzer, M. D., Wm F. Havemeyer, Wm. Power, M. D., Wm. Samuel B. Ogden, J. C. Fernandez, M. D., Thos. Cock, M. D., Alfred C. Post, M. D., Wm. Inslee, M. D., Wm. Cutting, M. D., Louis E. Hargous, Wm. C. Dewitt, Rev. D. D. Craig, Rev. Chas. S. Dorling, Rev. H. B. Bosworth, James Brewster, Judah Touro, Allan Hay, Francis Brinsa, Dr. Wm. Darling, Dr. Stephen Rogers, Dr. Wm. Van Buren, Dr. Alex. Hamilton, Jr., Dr. Wm. Inslee, Dr. Gustavus Hay, Dr. Wm. Richardson, Dr. Wm. Parker, Dr. Wm. Cock, Dr. Wm. Darling, Jr., Dr. Wm. Cock, Jr., Dr. Wm. Van Buren, Jr., Dr. Wm. Richardson, Jr., Dr. Wm. Parker, Jr., Dr. Wm. Cock, Jr., Dr. Wm. Darling

AUCTION SALES.

A. C. TUTTLE, Auctioneer.
Office No. 14 Broadway.

LARGE SALE OF HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c.—On account of the Country.—A. C. TUTTLE will sell, on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, Sept. 13 and 14, at 10 o'clock each day, at the above store, the entire elegant Household Furniture of a family leaving the City.

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J. J. VANDEWATER, Auctioneer.

THIS DAY.—SATURDAY, Sept 15, at 10½ o'clock, at the saleroom, No. 13 Maiden-lane, extensive and peremptory sale of house-hold furniture generally, embracing fine rosewood and mahogany work, oak and walnut do., with enameled cottage chamber suites, in great variety, having high carving materials, and in all styles of best make; marble tops and plain; large hair mattresses, oilcloth carpets, transit passage, plate & warm, chairs, crockery, basement furniture, &c.

D. D. FAHY, Auctioneer. Store, No. 310 Broadway.

MORTGAGE SALE OF SEWING MACHINES.—On SATURDAY, Sept. 15, 1855, at 12 o'clock, M., at No. 310 Broadway, three sewing machines, in good order; one designed for quilting mantillas, the others for general use. Will be sold with the right to use the same in the City of New-York only. GROVER, BAKER & CO.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 8, 1855. Mortgagees.

MEDICAL.

DR. WATERHOUSE'S NEW BOOK.
MARRIED AND SINGLE WOMAN'S
MEDICAL COMPANION;
SHOWING THE
WHOLE ORIGIN
AND
MYSTERY OF LIFE AND MARRIAGE
AND THE
CAUSES OF HAPPINESS AND MISERY.
BY GEORGE WATERHOUSE,
Royal Professor of Anatomy and Physiology, London.

It is a work which all persons, old and young, male and female, married or single, ought to read, on account of the rare and valuable knowledge which it contains, and the useful hints which it gives for increasing the FELICITIES, avoiding the INFELICITIES of MARRIED LIFE.

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THE MARRIED WOMAN'S
PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION.
By Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women. One Hundredth Edition, (300,000.) 12mo, pp. 250. [On fine paper, extra binding $1.]

Every woman can here discover, by comparing her own symptoms with those described, the nature, character and cause of her complaint, and be her own safe, sure and speedy curative agent. The wife about becoming a mother has often need of instruction and advice in respect to her situation, which she will here find. This book tells her what is the matter, and tells her what to do for it, in simple but chaste words, and such as she can understand.

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MEDICAL ADVISER AND MARRIAGE GUIDE.—Eleventh edition, cloth, 348 pages, 76 colored engravings, representing all the diseases of the genital organs of the male and female, with the latest discoveries in reproduction. All afflicted should use no remedies before learning from this valuable work the superiority of Dr. Lauchen's Paris and London treatment of private diseases. Both married and single should consult it. Sold at No. 222 Broadway, and mailed free for $1, by the author, M. LAMONT. Physician and Surgeon, No. 42 Reade-st., New-York City, where he cures all those diseases, from 11 A. M. till 3 P. M., and 6 to 9 in the evening. Sundays excepted. Address for No. 42 New-York Post Office. We consult with the editor of this paper in recommending Dr. LAMONT to the afflicted.—*Courrier des Etats Unis, Staats Zeitung, Demorest, Day-Book, Courier, Dispatch* and *New-Brunswick Times*.

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A. C. TUTTLE will sell on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, Sept. 20 and 21, at 10½ o'clock each day, at the above store, the entire elegant Household Furniture of a family leaving the City.

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DR. JACKSON'S HERBALIGATION is a safe, speedy, positive and permanent cure for all diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether of male or female, from whatever cause originating, no matter of how long standing, or how severe. Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, Retention of Urine, Incontinence of Urine, Inflammation of the Bladder, Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Stricture, Gleet, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, Diseases of the Urethra, Irritation of the Neck of the Bladder, Chordee, Syphilis, Secondary Symptoms, Mercurial Disease, Female Weakness, Irregularities, Suppressions, Whites, Sterility, Pain in the Back, Loins and Kidneys, Female Complaints, Diseases of the Womb, Vagina, Ovaries, &c. Pamphlets containing certificates of cures, and full particulars, sent free of charge. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1 per bottle. Depot, No. 599 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.
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EXCURSIONS.

SEPTEMBER 1855.—FOR SHREWSBURY, HIGHLANDS, OCEAN HOUSE, LONG BRANCH, PORT MONMOUTH, SEA GIRT, MANCHESTER, BROWN'S DOCK, Old Dominion Line, and KEY PARK.—The new and splendid steamer "OCEAN WAVE," Capt. H. S. PARKER, will run as follows, from foot of Jay-st. Pier, N. R., foot of Canal-st. the Erie Railroad Docks:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE SEA GIRT.
Tuesday.....Sept. 11	8 A. M.	Tuesday.....Sept. 11	3 P. M.
Wednesday..Sept. 12	9 A. M.	Wednesday..Sept. 12	4 P. M.
Thursday....Sept. 13	9 A. M.	Thursday....Sept. 13	4 P. M.
Friday.....Sept. 14	9 A. M.	Friday.....Sept. 14	4 P. M.
Saturday....Sept. 15	10 A. M.	Saturday....Sept. 15	5 P. M.
Tuesday....Sept. 18	10 A. M.	Tuesday....Sept. 18	5 P. M.
Wednesday..Sept. 19	10 A. M.	Wednesday..Sept. 19	5 P. M.
Thursday....Sept. 20	10 A. M.	Thursday....Sept. 20	5 P. M.
Friday.....Sept. 21	10 A. M.	Friday.....Sept. 21	5 P. M.
Saturday....Sept. 22	10 A. M.	Saturday....Sept. 22	5 P. M.
Tuesday....Sept. 25	10 A. M.	Tuesday....Sept. 25	5 P. M.
Wednesday..Sept. 26	10 A. M.	Wednesday..Sept. 26	5 P. M.
Thursday....Sept. 27	10 A. M.	Thursday....Sept. 27	5 P. M.
Friday.....Sept. 28	10 A. M.	Friday.....Sept. 28	5 P. M.
Saturday....Sept. 29	10 A. M.	Saturday....Sept. 29	5 P. M.

ELIAS HAIGHT'S Square Line of Stages connect with this boat. Also stages to all parts of the country.

FOR SHREWSBURY, LONG BRANCH, HIGHLANDS AND OCEAN PORT.—The new steamer JAMES CHRISTOPHER will run from foot of Jay-st., N. R., as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE OCEAN PORT.
Wednesday, Sept. 12...9 A. M.	Wednesday, Sept. 12...3 P. M.
Thursday, Sept. 13...9 A. M.	Thursday, Sept. 13...4 P. M.
Friday, Sept. 14...9 A. M.	Friday, Sept. 14...4 P. M.
Saturday, Sept. 15...10 A. M.	Saturday, Sept. 15...5 P. M.
Monday, Sept. 17...10 A. M.	Monday, Sept. 17...5 P. M.

Leaves for Squam Village, Red Bank, and other parts of the county.

EXCURSION TO THE FISHING BANKS.—The Lynde and Commodore Captain CHARLES A. CHESEBROUGH, E. R. HAEK's Commander, will make an excursion to the Fishing Banks on Sunday, Sept 16, 1855. The boat will leave King-st. at 8 o'clock. Pier No. 3 N. R. at 9 o'clock. Bait and fishing tackle furnished on board. A band of music will accompany the boat. Fare for the excursion 50 cents.

N. B.—The *Massachusetts* having been thoroughly overhauled and repaired, offers superior accommodations over any other boat for excursions, having a dining saloon 112 feet long.

FALL AND WINTER ARRANGEMENTS.—FOR GREENPORT, SOUTH HARBOR.—On and after WEDNESDAY, the 14th of September, the favorite steamer ISLAND BELLE, Capt. J. POST, Jr., will leave New-York from Catharine Market-slip, on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 8 A. M., landing at Newtown, Port Jefferson, and Orient, at which latter place connects the mail to Patchogue for $2 25, and Riverhead for $1; to Greenport 75 cents. Returning, will leave Sag Harbor on MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 7 A. M.; Greenport 8; Orient Point, 9; Port Jefferson, 12 M.; and Northport, 2:30 P. M.
E. R. T. DUDLEY, Agent, No. 295 South-st., New-York.

EXCURSION TO THE FISHING BANKS.—The double-engine steamer WILLIAM GAGE, Capt. ISAAC O. PHILLIPS, will make an excursion to the Fishing Banks on FRIDAY, the 14th September, for Port Jefferson, the 15th, and SUNDAY, the 16th of September. The boat will leave as follows: Amos-st. N. R. 8 o'clock A. M.; Spring-st., 9; Broome-st., E. R., at 9½; Fulton Ferry, Brooklyn, at 9½; Pier No. 3, N. R., at 9 o'clock. Bait, fishing tackle and refreshments furnished on board. A band of music will accompany the excursion. Fare for the excursion 50 cents.

TERRAPIN LUNCH EXCURSION.—Subscribers and their friends to the above excursion will please be on board the steamboat CROTON, Capt. WOOD, on Thursday morning, Sept. 13, which will leave the following places, viz.: Foot of South 8th-st., Williamsburg, at 8 o'clock; A. M.; South side of Fulton Ferry, Brooklyn, at 8½ o'clock; A. M.; Pier No. 3 North River, at 9 o'clock; A. M. Friends to the excursion not having procured their tickets, can get them on board.

SUNDAY TRIP TO NEWBURG, WEST POINT AND POUGHKEEPSIE.—Leaving each day at Yonkers, Hastings, Dobb's Ferry, Tarrytown, Sing Sing, Haverstraw, Verplanck's Point, Caldwell, West Point and Cold Spring, touching at Amos-st. each way. The favorite steamer THOMAS B. HULSE will leave from foot of Jay-st every MORNING at 9 o'clock, for the above places; returning, leave Newburg at 1 P. M.

AFTERNOON BOAT FOR RONDOUT AND INTERMEDIATE LANDINGS.—Leaving Cold Spring, Cornwall, Newburg, New-Hamburg, Milton and Poughkeepsie. The fast and graceful steamer ALIDA, Capt. JUDSON MOSES, leaves New York foot Robinson-st. EVERY AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock. Returning, leaves Rondout EVERY MORNING at 6 o'clock, landing at the above landings, arriving in New-York at 12 M.

GRAND EXCURSION TO THE FISHING GROUNDS.—The double engine steamer WILLIAM GAGE Capt. J. O. PHILLIPS, will make a grand Excursion to the Fishing Banks, on SUNDAY, Sept 9, 1855. Will leave as follows: Amos-st. N. R. at 8 o'clock; Spring-st., N. R., at 8½; Broome-st., N. R., at 8½; Fulton Ferry, Brooklyn, at 9; Pier No. 3, N. R., at 9½. The WILLIAM GAGE possesses great advantages over other boats, and is capable of containing 2,000 persons. Bait, fishing tackle and refreshments furnished on board. Fare for the whole excursion, 50 cents.

TO CHARTER FOR EXCURSIONS.—The safe and commodious double-engine steamer MASSACHUSETTS, E. R. HAWES, Commander, being now in complete order, can be chartered for excursions. She is the largest and most elegant steamer offered for the purpose, having a dancing saloon 112 feet long. Apply on board, at the foot of Kine-st., North River, or to L. H. GROVER, No. 127 Broadway, up stairs.

FOR UNION, KEYPORT, MIDDLETOWN POINT, &c.—The steamer THOMAS G. HAIGHT will leave foot of Murray-st., daily, except Sundays, at 9 o'clock A. M.; returning, leaves Union, at 2 P. M. Fare 12½ cents.

FOR THE SOUTH.

FOR SAVANNAH AND FLORIDA—UNITED STATES MAIL LINE.—The new and splendid steamship ALABAMA, Capt. GEO R. SCHENCK, will leave New-York for Savannah, on SATURDAY, Sept. 15, from Pier No. 4 North River, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely.

Bills of lading signed by the clerk on board.

For freight or passage apply to
SAMUEL L. MITCHILL, No. 13 Broadway.

For Florida, through tickets from New-York to Jacksonville, Fernandina and Pilatka.

The KNOXVILLE, Capt. C. D. LUDLOW, will succeed, and leave on WEDNESDAY, Sept 19. Passage $20.

TO SOUTHERN TRAVELERS.—The United States Mail steamship JAMESTOWN, Capt. PEARSON, will leave Pier No. 13, North River, on SATURDAY, 15th inst., for Richmond touching at Old Point Comfort. Passengers for the South will proceed via Petersburg without delay, and will arrive in Columbia, S. C., Augusta, &c., as soon, and with as little expense as if they went via Norfolk. They need not apprehend any danger from the fever, as the ship does not go near the infected cities. Passage and fare, stateroom included, to Old Point, $8; to Petersburg or Richmond, $10. Steerage half price.
LUDLAM & PLEASANTS, No. 32 Broadway.

PROPOSALS.

TO RAILROAD CONTRACTORS.—Proposals will be received from responsible contractors, until October 1, for the grading, fencing, superstructure, track laying and equipment, together or separately, of a railroad in the vicinity of this city, about fifteen miles in length. The profile of the route may be seen, and any further information obtained, on application to the undersigned, after 3 o'clock, P. M., at No. 22 Cortlandt-st.
OLIVER H. LEE, Civil Engineer.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 5, 1855.

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AND COUNTER SCALES.
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Railroad, Hay and Coal Scales; Warehouse and Store Scales; upwards of seventy modifications.

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ROOFING SLATE.
PRICES GREATLY REDUCED!—WHY NOT USE SLATE, THE CHEAPEST, HANDSOMEST, MOST DURABLE, MORE FIRE-PROOF THAN METAL, and can be as readily installed and laid on.
THE EAGLE SLATE COMPANY,
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INVITE THE ATTENTION of BUILDERS, ARCHITECTS, and the public generally, to their GREEN AND PURPLE ROOFING SLATE, which, being superior to any hitherto quarried in DURABILITY OF COLOR, as FULLY EQUAL TO THE WELSH, it can also be transported cheaply to any of the STATES, CANADA, OR THE WEST INDIES.

The Company, while calling the attention of the public to the article produced by them, would remark of SLATE FOR ROOFING PURPOSES in general, that the chemical with which it is prepared and laid on, its great protection against fire and the heat of the Summer, with the fact that it never requires painting—lasting a life-time without repairs—renders it SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER ROOFING MATERIAL. They therefore invite all Committees for the erection of public institutions, and persons building first-class residences in town or country, to investigate the subject.

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Communications addressed to J. W. KISSAM, Castleton, Vt., or to G. FURMAN, Jr., at the depot of the Company, No. 208 West 16th-st., New-York, will meet prompt attention.

THE SERGEANTS' AND CLERKS' LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.—No. 68 William-st., between Pine and Cedar sts.—Members, and others desiring to become members, are informed that the Library and Reading Room is now open and furnished with a variety of books, magazines and papers.

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RICHARD FURLEY, President.
J. C. WILTSE, Recording Secretary.

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VIA SUSPENSION BRIDGE, BUFFALO or OSWEGO, to No. 415 Broadway, New-York, corner of Cortlandt-st.
DARIUS CLARK, Agent.

AMERICAN LAKE SHORE RAILROAD LINE—COMPOSED OF BUFFALO AND ERIE, CLEVELAND AND TOLEDO RAILROADS.—Connecting with Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana Railroad, the shortest and best route to Chicago, St. Louis, &c. Passengers ticketed to Toledo, Chicago, St. Louis, Rock Island, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Dayton, Springfield, Fort Wayne, Bellefontaine, Tiffin, Findlay, Sandusky, &c.

SPRING ARRANGEMENT—MONDAY, May 7, 1855.—EXPRESS MAIL.—Leaves Buffalo at 7 A. M., Cleveland, 3:45 P. M., for Toledo, Chicago, St. Louis, &c., connecting at Toledo with 3:45 P. M. train of M. S. Railroad, reaching Chicago at 5 next morning; connection with train of Chicago and Mississippi Railroad, reaching St. Louis at 11:30 P. M.

LIGHTNING EXPRESS.—Leaves Buffalo at 10:30 P. M., Cleveland 5:30 P. M., for Toledo, Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis, &c., reaching Toledo at 10:30 P. M., Chicago 7 A. M., Cincinnati 7 A. M.

NIGHT EXPRESS.—Leaves Buffalo at 5:30 P. M., Cleveland 8:10 A. M., for Toledo, Chicago, Cincinnati; 8:10 A. M., arrive at this train reach Toledo at 10:30 A. M., Cincinnati 7:30 P. M., and Chicago at 6:30 P. M.; in season to take the night train for Chicago and Mississippi Railroad (for Alton, from which place they take steamer Keystone State), and at 6:30 P. M. the night express leaves Cincinnati for Chicago with Cincinnati and Chicago Express Sleeping Cars attached, passing Indianapolis, Lafayette and Michigan City.

ACCOMMODATION FOR SANDUSKY.—Leaves 4:15 P. M.

NIGHT PASSENGER FOR CLEVELAND.—Leaves 9:30 P. M., reaching Cleveland at 4:30 A. M., Toledo 4:30 A. M., Chicago 1:30 P. M., connecting with Evening Trains for Monroeville, Norwalk, Sandusky and Cleveland.

STEAMBOAT EXPRESS.—Leaving on arrival of steamers from Buffalo, at 1:45 A. M., reaching Sandusky at 12:30 A. M., Toledo 3 P. M., Cincinnati 9 P. M., Chicago 9 A. M.

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Through tickets can be procured at the principal Railroad Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada.

Baggage checked through.

H. J. BOWLIGH, Superintendent.
Office of the Cleveland and Toledo R. R. Co.,
Cleveland, Ohio, May 5, 1855.

NEW INLAND ROUTE—To PROVIDENCE, NEWPORT, TAUNTON, NEW-BEDFORD, &c., PROVIDENCE, HARTFORD AND FISHKILL RAILROAD.—Express train of Providence, Hartford and Fishkill Railroad leaves Providence at 2:30 P. M., connecting with Express train of New-York and New Haven Railroad at Hartford and Springfield Railroad from New-York at 9 o'clock A. M., arriving at Providence at 2:40 P. M., connecting with CARSONICUS for Newport and trains for Taunton, New-Bedford, &c.

Returning, leaves Providence at 9:15 A. M., after arrival of steamer from Newport and of trains from Taunton, New-Bedford, &c., and reaches Hartford to connect with express train for New-Haven and New-York.

Newport passengers and baggage carried free of charge between cars and steamer.

Through tickets sold between New-York and Newport, and baggage checked through.

Train runs on Sunday Providence, Hartford and Fishkill Railroad, also, as follows:

Hartford for Providence, at 7 A. M., arriving at 10:50 A. M., connecting with trains for Taunton, New-Bedford, &c.

Providence for Hartford, at 4:30 P. M., arriving at 7:30 P. M., connecting with express train for New-Haven and New-York.

Waterbury for Hartford, at 7:30 A. M. and 12:30 P. M.

Hartford for Waterbury, at 10:10 A. M. and 6:35 P. M.

For local trains and other connections, see Post*Master Railroad Guide*.

Trains of Providence, Hartford and Fishkill Railroad arrive at and leave Union same stations at Hartford and Providence as those of roads forming connections mentioned above.

I. N. BROOKS, Agent, Providence.

FOR CINCINNATI, LOUISVILLE, COLUMBUS, DAYTON, RICHMOND, INDIANAPOLIS, TERRE HAUTE, VINCENNES, EVANSVILLE, FORT WAYNE, &c., VIA CLEVELAND, COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD.—This route requires no commercial maps, time tables or passports. Being the shortest, cheapest, or easiest correspondent to recommend it to the public.

THREE TRAINS DAILY, (Sundays excepted,) from the station of the C. C. & C. Railroad, over the Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati Railroad for Cincinnati, Dayton, Xenia, &c. at 2 P. M. Connecting at Dayton with Indianapolis Railroad Train Galion for Bellefontaine, Indianapolis, Terre Haute, Vincennes, Evansville, Jeffersonville, &c., &c. By the Ohio and Indiana Railroad, from Crestline for Fort Wayne, &c.

TRAINS LEAVE CLEVELAND:

EXPRESS TRAIN at 6:20 A. M., connecting with the Morning Express Train from Buffalo, and the steamers CRESCENT CITY and CITY OF OSWEGO, leaving Buffalo at 7 P. M., reaching Columbus 10:40 A. M., Xenia at 12:40 P. M., Cincinnati at 2:30 P. M., Dayton at 1:30 P. M., Fort Wayne at 6 P. M., Indianapolis at 7 P. M.

AFTERNOON TRAIN at 2:30, connecting with the Day Train from Buffalo and Dunkirk.

NIGHT EXPRESS, 7:15 P. M., connecting with the Day Express from Buffalo and Dunkirk. Reaching Cincinnati at 7 A. M., Xenia at 2:35, Dayton at 3:30, Indianapolis at 10 A. M., Terre Haute at 6 P. M., Vincennes at 8 P. M.

This route is much shorter and quicker than any other. Baggage checked from Buffalo and Dunkirk to Cincinnati. For Through Tickets apply on board People's Line Steamers, or at the Ticket Offices of the New-York and Erie, New-York Central and Hudson River Railroad.

WM. C. CLEMENT, Supt't P. M. & C. & C. R. R.
E. S. FLINT, Supt't C. C. & C. R. R.
A. L. HALL, General Eastern Agent.

NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.—On and after MONDAY, July 9, 1855, and until further notice, Passenger Trains will leave Pier foot of Duane-st., as follows, viz.: Dunkirk Express, at 6 A. M. Dunkirk, Buffalo Express, at 6 A. M. Buffalo. Mail, at 9:30 A. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo and intermediate stations. Passengers by this Train will remain over night at Owego, and proceed on their journey next morning. Island Pond Express, 3 P. M., from foot of Chambers-st., and Piermont, for Otisville and intermediate stations. Way Passenger, at 4:30 P. M. for Newburg and Otisville, and intermediate stations. Night Express, at 6:30 P. M. for Dunkirk and Buffalo. Emigrant, at 6 P. M. for Dunkirk and Buffalo, and intermediate stations. Steamboat Express, every day, excepting Saturdays, at 6:30 P. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo, and intermediate stations. On Sunday, two Express Trains at 5:30 and 6:30 P. M. Express Freight Train leaves Elmira with the Elmira and Niagara Falls Railroad, for Niagara Falls, at Buffalo and Dunkirk with the Lake Shore Railroad for Cleveland, Cincinnati, Toledo, Detroit, Chicago, &c., and with first class splendid steamers for all ports on Lake Erie.

D. C. McCALLUM, General Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—Trains leave Chambers-st., daily, for Albany and Troy—On and after MONDAY, April 30, 1855, Trains will leave as follows: Express Train 6 A. M., connecting with Northern and Western Trains. Mail Train 9 A. M. Through Way Trains, 12 M. and 4 P. M. Express Train 6 P. M. For Poughkeepsie—Way Passenger, 7 A. M. Passenger, 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. Freight and Passenger Train, 7 P. M. For Peekskill, 3:30, and 6:30 P. M. For Sing Sing, at 10:15 A. M., 4:30 and 6:30 P. M. For Dobbs' Ferry, 6:30 P. M. The Dobbs' Ferry, Sing Sing and Peekskill Trains stop at all the Way Stations. Passengers can take Harlaem Cars at Chambers-st. and 31st sts., SUNDAY MAIL TRAINS at 8 A. M. and 4 P. M., from 31st-st., for Albany, stopping at all Mail Stations.

M. L. SYKES, Jr., Superintendent.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.—SPRING ARRANGEMENTS—Commencing April 9, 1855. Leave New York for Easton by steamer *Red Jacket* and *Wyoming* from Pier No. 2 North River, at 8 A. M., 1 and 4 P. M. For Belvidere, Flemington, &c., at 8 A. M. and 4 P. M. The above trains connect at Elizabethtown with trains on the New Jersey Railroad, which leave New-York from foot of Cortlandt-st., at 8 A. M., 12 M., and 4 P. M.

For Schooley's Mountain, leave at 8 A. M. Fare through, $2.

JOHN O. STERNS, superintendent.

CAMDEN AND AMBOY RAILROAD TO PHILADELPHIA.—From Pier No. 1 North River, two minutes daily, at 6 A. M., 9 A. M., 3 P. M., 5 P. M., 6 P. M., by steamboat JOHN POTTER, to and from Amboy; thence by cars to way-places and Camden—fare $2 25. Express line at 9 P. M., by cars and steamboat to Camden; fare $2. Through to Camden in 5 hours; fare $3. Way Accommodation and Emigrant line at 1 P. M.; fare $1 50. Emigrant line at 5 P. M.; fare $1 75.

NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD—FOR PHILADELPHIA and the South and West *via* Jersey City—Mail and Express Lines—Leave New-York at 8 and 10 A. M. and 4 and 6 P. M.; fare $2 25 in 4, and $3 in 3 and 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.; second class $2 25 in 10, at 12 M. & 12 P. M. Connecting at all way stations. Through tickets sold for Cincinnati and the West, and for Baltimore, Washington, Norfolk, &c., and through baggage checked to Washington in 6 A. M. and 6 P

New-York Daily Times.

MUNICIPAL.

Proceedings of the Common Council.

SEPTEMBER SESSION.

THE COUNCILMEN.

Last evening's session of the Board of Councilmen was a very quiet one. There were but few matters upon which members had a desire to speak, and, consequently, a very large number of bills, reports and resolutions, were passed upon. After the reading of the minutes of the previous meeting, the Board took up the regular order, which was the third reading of the bills.

BILLS PASSED.

In favor of assigning rooms over Centre Market to Ninth and Seventy-first regiments. In favor of building a sewer in Grove or Bedford street, from near Bleecker to Barrow street. In favor of confirming assessment list for filling conduit lots in Thirty-ninth and Thirty-seventh streets. In favor of confirming assessment list for building a sewer in Fortieth-street. In favor of confirming assessment list for paving Thirty-sixth street. In favor of confirming assessment list for building a sewer in Thirty-third street. In favor of confirming assessment list for flagging Forty-first street. In favor of confirming assessment list for flagging Broadway. In favor of filling conduit lots in Thirteenth-street. In favor of filling lots between Fiftieth and Fifty-first streets, and Third and Lexington avenues. In favor of flagging lots between Broadway and Seventh-avenue. In favor of building a sewer in Fifth-street, from near the Bowery to Second-avenue. In favor of confirming assessment list for building a sewer in Forty-fourth-street. In favor of confirming assessment list for building if sewer in Hester-street. In favor of a receiving basin and culvert northwest corner of Twenty-second and Seventh avenue. In favor of building a sewer in Forty-eighth-street. In favor of concurring with Board of Aldermen in appropriation for Trust Account.

PETITIONS.

The third reading coming on, the presentation of petitions was in order.

A petition from the Trustees of the First German Episcopal Church, for permission to use the vaults under their Church in the Winter season, was referred to the Committee on Public Health.

A NEW FERRY.

A number of citizens petitioned for a ferry to be established from the foot of Forty-second-street, North River, to the village of Guttenburg, in the State of New-Jersey. The petition was referred to the Committee on Ferries.

There were a large number of petitions presented, asking that the streets be kept in a better condition.

RESOLUTIONS.

Among the resolutions offered were the following:

THE COMPTROLLER WILL NOT PAY UP.

Whereas, The Comptroller has refused to pay any more money to the Commissioner of Repairs and Supplies for repairing the streets of the City. Therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Comptroller be directed to have the streets of the First Ward repaired forthwith.

The resolution was referred to the Law Department Committee.

The following was read and laid aside under the rule:

Resolved, That hereafter the reports from the Committee of Assistant Aldermen concurring in matters, when there are no objections by the property owners, be received by this Board without a reference to the Committee of the Whole.

THE OFFAL CONTRACT AGAIN.

A preamble and resolution having reference to a temporary arrangement for the removal of offal from the City, brought up the Reynolds contract again, but after a talk of half an hour the conclusion was that Mr. Reynolds would claim his pay, whether he did the work or not, and the resolution was laid on the table.

COMMON COUNCIL GARRISON HERE.

The resolution from the Board of Aldermen directing the Comptroller not to pay any more carriage hire for members, kindled the indignation of a number of Councilmen. Mr. RIDER said he was one of a Committee that would have forty miles of Croton pipe to walk over, if the resolution passed, unless he hired a carriage at his own expense. The resolution was laid over under the rule.

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

The Board went into Committee of the Whole, for the purpose of confirming contracts for one thousand feet gas posts. There was some opposition to confirming them, but not a majority, and they were confirmed.

MONEY FOR THE FOURTH OF JULY FIREWORKS—MEMBERS PYROTECHNIC CHARGE.

The report of the Committee on the Fourth of July Celebration came up in its order, asking an additional appropriation of $600. The reason why the additional appropriation was required was in consequence of the bill having applied one or two of the most costly pieces of fireworks, which it was necessary to replace.

Mr. JACKSON thought it somewhat strange that so much money had been expended merely on fireworks. On the previous celebration there was something to eat, and the expense was not so great. Perhaps there was some truth in the rumor that the Committee had enjoyed a very excellent supper at the Astor House. One thing he did know to be true, and that was that on that day there were a great number of cigars around among the Committee, and he had seen the cigars exchanged by the box. If they had offered him a cigar, he would not have blowed; but they refused him, which he did not think fair.

Mr. CLANCY presumed the Committee thought cigar smoking pertectly proper under the head of fireworks expenses.

Mr. PINCKNEY denied the cigar impeachment, and claimed that the increased expenses were all chargeable to the dark of the weather, who sent rain that spoiled some of the fireworks.

Mr. JACKSON reiterated his charge, and added that he saw one of the Committee with a box of cigars in his pocket. He had been invited to take a cigar from a full box, but before he could reach it, they were all shoved into an Alderman's pocket.

Some of the usual charges of corporation supper eating were now made against several members, but they all denied having eaten anything at the City's expense.

Mr. REED explained, at length, the reason why the extra appropriation was required, and indignantly denied ever having beaten a mermed or taken a drink, or smoked a cigar at the City's expense.

After some additional remarks in the same strain, the Committee reported in favor of making the appropriation.

DEAD DOGS AND HORSES.

The removal of dead dogs and horses from the streets was brought under consideration, when it was proposed that the collectors of dead animals be required to go over their routes twice a day instead of once, as at present. It was claimed that, during the Summer season, animals often die soon after the collector had passed, and that they become offensive before he returned to take them away. Notwithstanding this, the proposition was not received with favor.

COUNCILMANIC AMUSEMENTS.

It was now near 9 o'clock and several members seemed to be slumbering. As this was not the way, according to the general impression, in which they were expected to serve their constituents, two of the the younger Councilmen amused themselves and the spectators by drawing a fine string under the noses of the sleepers. The dignified wide-awakeness of the censorious Councilmen immediately after the string operation, approached very near to the "highly indecorous." The drowsy members having returned to consciousness, the Board, after passing upon a number of unimportant reports, adjourned to Monday evening next.

Personal to Mr. Branch.

Britishers think an item about their Queen's dress so important as a new loan or the capture of a Russian forcer. Frenchmen delight to hear how their Emperor performs his house duties, and Americans delight to know all about the gentlemen who do us such service in the Police Investigation. The following about Mr. BRANCH will be read with eagerness:—

To the Editor of the New-York Daily Times:

I have been much pained by your lack of respect for the celebrated traveler Mr. BRANCH, our my fellow voyager to the land of gold. The perils which alarmed him so fearfully on board the *Pacific*, were not the first it has been his singular fate to encounter. While the steamship *Cahfornia* was leisurely proceeding on her voyage up the coast to San Francisco, a little to the southward among the firemen passed the report that they were out of coal. Mr. BRANCH, constantly on the qui vive, of course heard of it first, and the instability of his nervous system was at once ironically assured. He ran among the passengers with blanched and horror-struck features, his countenance was not then observed with the composure of which his report makes mention,) spreading dismay for the moment by certified assertions of "We are lost!" "Nothing can save us!" "The ship is going to the bottom to-morrow at 8—11—4!" "Say your prayers, boys!" "Lord have mercy on us!" &c. &c. &c. He was more anxiously endeavoring to make out the date of the report, the first officer of the steamer first knew, when Mr. BRANCH applied to him to know how much longer the ship would hold out. The jolly mate knowing well the gentleman, and fearing the effect of his answer, with a wink to the others passengers, cautiously replied: "About five hours (it was then drawing a six-knot breeze) is about the most possible left." This was sufficient; we all took the cue, and Mr. BRANCH's fears were not at all diminished by the sympathy of his fellow-passengers. He rushed distractedly to the cabin—hurriedly wrote a confused account of our thrilling situation, signing his name as correspondent to the New-York *Herald*, and after corking it tight in an empty soda water bottle, committed the frail messenger of fate to the mercy of the great deep. In the morning our good ship lay at anchor in the quiet waters of the Bay of Monterey. A. F.

Be at Ease, Neighbors.

We have a most doughty police. Their achievements remind him the marvellous ones of Jack the Giant Killer. When they sally forth in full force they are sure to capture a thief, if he is crippled, or some crying evil, if she does not resist. Capt. ACKERMANN, of the Ninth, yesterday morning went out (with a squad and captured two young women, in a house of consignation in Bleecker-street. More remain, probably, to tempt the brave Captain's heroism.

☞ The *Commercial* don't believe that reading in the cars,—its reasons,—is injurious to the eyes.

On a Rock at Hellgate.

At 6½ o'clock yesterday morning, as the steamer *Bay State*, of the Fall River line, was passing through Hellgate, on coming round, the tide threw her stern on a rock called Sylander's Reef, directly opposite Eighty-ninth-street, where she was detained for an hour and a half; the ferry-boat *Astoria* came to her assistance and swung her round, but could not get her off, and she had to wait for the tide. Thirty of the passengers came on shore in small boats, and thence to the City per cars. Her keel alone struck; no injury was done to her bottom. She arrived at her dock at 9 o'clock.

Fires.

Stable No. 64 Cherry-street was damaged by fire yesterday afternoon to the amount of $20.

The alarm of fire for the Seventh District at 3 o'clock last evening was caused by the burning of some straw in Cherry-street.

[Advertisement.]

HUNTER'S MEDICAL SPECIALIST AND JOURNAL OF DISEASES OF THE CHEST.—Judging by the initial number, Dr. HUNTER'S *Specialist* will, in interest, intelligence, scientific and practical knowledge, and vigor of conduct, rank at the very head of medical journalism. In this number the Doctor sets forth his purpose—already alluded to—modestly but decidedly, and treats us to powerful articles on "Medicated Inhalation," "Diseases of the Throat and Lungs," "Asthma, its nature, causes and cure," "Medical Specialities," "The prevalence and importance of Tubercular Diseases," and an interesting essay on the importance of a proper classification of diseases. But an article that will command general attention, and interest, we rather think, the medical profession, is a reply to an onslaught made by DR. HALL, editor of the *Journal of Health*, against Inhalation. The article is titled "A Concentrated Ninny," and though written with marvellous good humor, is a sort of flaying alive of the *Journal of Health* man. It reminds us of a torture figure of the Spanish Inquisition, called "The Blessed Virgin," which had an agreeable first blush for the victim led to its embrace, but which, on touching certain springs, opened a glittering breast of sword blades.—*New-York Evening Mirror.*

A monthly periodical, 16 pages 4to. Subscriptions for a year, $1; single copy, 10c. Published by SHERMAN & CO., Astor House, and for sale by all Bookseilers.

[Advertisement.]

MESSENGER'S LONDON CORDIAL GIN.—This delightful tonic beverage is the purest distillation that can be obtained from barley, selected in Europe without regard to cost, in order to supply the medical profession and the public with a pure Cordial stimulant which can be relied upon in cases of dyspepsia, gout, debility of the urinary organs, and all other maladies in which the curative properties of pure gin are acknowledged. It is now universally recommended by the medical faculty in this city in preference to all other gins. Sold by every respectable Druggist in the United States.

[Advertisement.]

IMPORTANT INQUIRY.—In view of the daily casualties arising from the use of burning fluids, is it not criminal to persist in their use—more particularly when a better light, at one fourth the expense, can be obtained by going to VANDERHOOF, No. 20 Frankfort-street, and getting his

FOUNTAIN LAMPS and FOUNTAIN OIL,

which is not explosive, almost scentless, and the best oil for lubricating fine machinery, and burning in all kinds of lamps ever introduced to the public! Price, $1 25 per gallon.

[Advertisement.]

FULL LIFE SIZED PHOTOGRAPHIC PORTRAITS on CANVAS.—The public are respectfully invited to call and inspect our full life sized Photographs, which are taken at no other establishment in the world. Photographs in oil, pastel and water colors, of any size, colored by our Parisian artists and finished in a style unequaled by imitators. Photographs of every description made from Daguerreotypes of deceased persons. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed.

GURNEY & FREDERICKS, No. 349 Broadway, And No. 45 Rue Basse du Rempart, Paris.

[Advertisement.]

HEGEMAN, CLARK & Co.—Late RUSHTON, CLARK & Co.—GENUINE COD LIVER OIL.—The great success attending the use of this valuable remedy in consumption having induced all kinds of imitations, purchasers are cautioned to notice that the signature HEGEMAN, CLARK & Co. in full, is over the cork of each bottle, without which it is not genuine. HEGEMAN, CLARK & Co., *sole* successors to RUSHTON, CLARK & Co., Nos. 165, 273, 511 and 756 Broadway. Wholesale *dépôt*, No. 165 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

☞ DR. G. D. SANBORN, at the New-York Lung Institute, No. 6 Bond-street, treats all diseases of the Lungs and Throat by the inhalation of Cold Medicated Vapors, without administering any drugs whatever into the stomach. I will promise to treat with better success any chronic disease of the Lungs, by my method of inhalation, than any physician can do by the old practice. Patients received daily, from 8 A. M. till 8 P. M.

[Advertisement.]

CLEAN YOUR GAS FIXTURES.—Chandeliers, brackets, and all kinds of gas fixtures, can be cleaned, refinished, and to all appearances, made new; old gilt chandeliers regilt, or refinished in French or artistic bronze; thus giving them the appearance of entirely new ones. Call and see samples, or send your orders to CURTIS & RAY, Gas-fixture Manufactory, No. 13 Canal-street.

[Advertisement.]

☞ The great inhaling remedy for Asthma, Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, DR. CURTIS' Hygeana. Thousands have been restored to health the past year by the Hygeana. Principal office No. 343 Broadway, and sold by C. H. RING, No. 193 Broadway. Price only $3 a package. DR. CURTIS will be at the office daily from 10 to 2 o'clock, where he may be consulted free of charge.

[Advertisement.]

DESHLER'S FEVER AND AGUE PILLS.

THE MOST CONVENIENT, SAFEST, AND ONLY RADICAL CURE FOR FEVER AND AGUE.

Sold by C. D. DESHLER, Agent, at the *dépôt*, No. 241 Broadway, New-York, and by all respectable dealers.

(Advertisement.)

DECIDEDLY THE MOST USEFUL AND VALUABLE MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.—The unprecedented demand for DUBOIS'S CATARRH SNUFF is now daily supplied through the Post-Office, always fresh, from the manufactory of the proprietor, J. DUBOIS, No. 63 State-street, Albany, N. Y. Single box, 25c., including postage for 2,000 miles—25c.

[Advertisement.]

TEAS.—The best assortment of Fine Teas will be found at the Canton Tea Company's newly-erected and elegant store No. 125 Chatham-street, (between Pearl and Roosevelt streets,) the oldest Tea establishment in the City. We assure our readers they can do better here than elsewhere, either at wholesale or retail.

[Advertisement.]

GAS, GAS.—Several new styles of Gas Fixtures, surpassing in beauty and workmanship anything ever offered before at our great Manufacturing Depôt. Also, several new styles just imported by steamship from France and England. ARCHER WARNER & Co., No. 276 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

☞ LIGHTE, NEWTON & BRADBURYS' Pianos—Cottage and GODMAN & BALDWIN'S double Bank Melodeons, fully equal an Organ of $400. Second-hand Pianos for sale from $20 to $140. Pianos and Melodeons to let. COLBURN & MANN, Agents,

☞ See *Musical World*. No. 422 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

EQUESTRIANISM.—The reception evenings for ladies and gentlemen, at DRIESBACH'S Riding Academy, commence on Saturday evening, 15th inst., and continue each Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evening during the Autumn and Winter. A colored band of music in attendance to enliven the scene.

[Advertisement.]

SLEEP IN PEACE—And the only way if can be done at this season of the year, when mosquitoes are torturing the life out of you, is to call on W. STRATTON, No. 50 Chambers-street, and procure one of HASKINS' *Improved* Canopy and Nets, which are a sure guarantee against mosquitoes and insects.

[Advertisement.]

PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE.—An unusual bill is to be given at this house to-night, viz.: "A Morning Call," "Michael Earl," "Rose of Fokin," and "Black Eyed Susan." Four excellent pieces, with Mr. and Mrs. J. H. ALLEN, Mons. SUMBERT, Mr. FOX, Mlle. THERESE, and the whole company appearing.

[Advertisement.]

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are famous in cases of vitiation of blood to the head, and save the lives of thousands who suffer from Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints and Biles. Sold at the Manufactories, 80 Maiden-lane, New-York, and 244 Strand, London, and by all Druggists, at 25 cents, 62½ cents and $1 per box.

[Advertisement.]

TO NERVOUS SUFFERERS.—A retired clergyman restored to health in a few days, after many years of great nervous suffering, is anxious to make known the means of cure. Will send (free) the prescription used. Rev. J. M. DAGNALL, 80 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

[Advertisement.]

FRUIT CANS.—LUDLOW'S Patent is generally acknowledged the neatest and safest article made for preserving peaches, tomatoes, &c., in their fresh state, as all others require wax, solder or cement. Sold by TAYLOR & HODGETT'S, No. 60 Beekman-st., corner of Gold.

[Advertisement.]

☞ THE MOST COMPLETE Pen and Pencil Case we have seen, is manufactured by W. M. WILMARTH, No. 44 Maiden-lane. It is called "LOWNDES' Patent," and surpasses in beauty and durability any combination of pen and pencil hitherto offered to the public. They are made both in gold and silver.

[Advertisement.]

☞ J. R. STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR is inhaled and applied. It is not taken. Cures diseases of the throat, lungs, nerves, muscles, joints, and skin. Price 50 cents a bottle. Sold by J. MILHAU, No. 183 Broadway, and at the Company's Depôt, Nos. 22 and 24 New-street.

[Advertisement.]

BLAKE'S PATENT FIRE-PROOF PAINT, No. 119 Pearl-street. See advertisement in another column.

[Advertisement.]

EXTRAORDINARY SUCCESS—STILL WATER RUNS DEEP.—This charming comedy, first produced in America at Barnum's Museum, ahead of all competition, is creating there the most extraordinary excitement. There is a perfect furore to witness it, as played there by the unrivaled company at that establishment, in a manner not to be equaled in any other place of entertainment whatever. It is attracting crowds of people every evening. It is also given this afternoon at Barnum's, in all its beauty.

LONG ISLAND.

Anti-Coal Monopoly Association.

It being understood that the coal dealers of New-York and Brooklyn have entered into a combination to raise the price of coal, private associations are forming in Brooklyn for the purpose of purchasing coal by the quantity from first hands. The coal dealers intend to raise the price of coal 25 or 50 cents per ton next MONDAY.

United States Steamship San Jacinto.

This vessel, the flag-ship of Commodore ARMSTRONG'S East India squadron, is expected to sail from the Brooklyn Navy-Yard as early as the 20th of October, to take her place on her station.—*Washington Star.*

The Norfolk Sufferers.

The employés of the Williamsburg Glass Company have contributed $35 towards the relief of the sufferers in Norfolk.

☞ A mad dog was killed yesterday in the Eastern District of Brooklyn. There are a great many rabid animals in that district about these days.

NEW-JERSEY.

United Americans.

The newly-elected officers of Charter Oak Chapter of O. U. A., in Jersey City, were installed on Thursday evening at the new lodge room, corner of Grove and North Fifth streets, on which occasion an address was delivered by WM. B. DUNNING. This chapter now numbers eight members. The Sachem is JAMES D. FRASER; *First Chief*, SAMUEL BERRY; and *Second Chief*, JACOB S. PLATT.

Official.

The Hudson County Board of Chosen Freeholders has designated the *Hudson County Democrat* at Hoboken, and the *Jersey City Sentinel*, as the papers in which the official proceedings of the Board shall be published.

Liquor Trials.

The trials of eight liquor sellers in West Hoboken, before Justice FISH yesterday, resulted in the dismissal of the charge against the defendants. The witnesses, ROBINSON and MURPHY, failed to appear.

MARRIED.

In this City, on Wednesday morning, Sept. 12, in the Order of the Society of Friends, JAMES F. KENNY to SARAH B., daughter of Rufus Clarke, all of this City.

In this City, on Thursday evening, Sept. 13, by Rev. Frederick G. Clark, WILLIAM E. CLARK to CAROLINE CARY, both of this City.

In this City, on Monday, Sept. 10, by Rev. Mr. Armitage, Mr. JOHN MILLER to Miss HANNAH ALDEN, daughter of Jos. Alden, both of this City.

In Brooklyn, on Friday, Sept. 13, by Rev. Dr. Browne, Mr. WILLIAM M. GALLAGHER to Miss CATHARINE DYER, both of Brooklyn.

In Brooklyn, on Thursday, Sept. 13, by Rev. R. M. Hatfield, Mr. CHARLES J. SWETT, of New-York, to Miss ADELINE WILLIAMSON, step-daughter of Thomas P. Burke, Esq., U. S. Navy.

In Brooklyn, E. D., on Thursday, Sept. 13, by Rev. J. D. Wells, HUGH M. FUNSTON and ANNA DICKINSON, daughter of the late Dr. John Dickinson, all of the above city.

DIED.

In this City, on Friday morning, Sept. 14, ELLEN AUGUSTA, daughter of Thomas and Eliza Ball, aged 13 months and 15 days.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral this (Saturday) morning, at 9 o'clock, from the residence of her father, No. 209 Madison-st.

In this City, on Friday, Sept. 14, CATHARINE VARIAN, eldest daughter of Cornelius and Tamar L. Comstock, in the 17th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Sunday afternoon, at 2½ o'clock, at her father's residence, No. 36 West 37th-st., without further invitation.

At Castleton Heights, Staten Island, on Friday morning, Sept. 14, JOHN YATES CEBRA in the 70th year of his age.

His friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, without further invitation, from the Dutch Reformed Church, Tompkinsville, on Sunday morning next, at 9½ o'clock. Boats leave Whitehall at 9 o'clock precisely. His remains will be taken to Jamaica, L. I., for interment. Carriages will be in waiting at South Ferry, Brooklyn, at 11 o'clock.

In Curmansville, on Friday morning, Sept. 14, CHRISTINA CAMPBELL, aged about 65 years.

The friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, this (Saturday) afternoon, Sept. 15, at 3 o'clock, from the residence of Mr. Adamson, 1252-st., near Curmansville. The Hudson River Railroad cars leave the foot of Chambers st., at 1 o'clock P. M.

In Williamsburgh, on Thursday, Sept. 13, IDA JANE, daughter of Charles and Jane Emmons, aged 2 years.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her parents, Clymer-st., between Wythe and Bedford-ave., on Saturday, Sept. 15, at 2 o'clock, without further notice.

At Unionville Ohio, on Tuesday, Sept. 11, CHARLES L. CANNAHAN, formerly of New-York City, in the 42d year of his age.

In San Francisco, on Thursday, Aug. 16, of dysentery, CHARLES HUDSON, aged 35 years; formerly of Geneva, N. Y.

At East Haven, Conn., on Friday, Aug. 31, Mr. STEPHEN SMITH, aged 78 years.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

For Markets see Third Page.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....SEPT. 14.

$1,000 U. S. 6s, '59 coup.	117	270	Erie Railroad		24
2,000 Indiana State 5s	93	200	do		23 3/4
5,000 Virginia 6s	90	200	do		23 3/4
2,000 do	89	100	do		23 3/4
2,000 do	89	500	do		23 7/8
25,000 do	89	100	do		23 7/8
2,000 do	89	100	do		23 7/8
10,000 Missouri 6s	82	100	do		23 7/8
2,000 do	82	200	do		23 7/8
10,000 Louisiana 6s	92	100	do		24
10,000 do	92	200	do		24
1,000 North Carolina 6s	89	100	do		24
3,000 Erie Convt. Bds	93	100	do		24
2,000 Erie 7 P. C.	93	50	Harlem Railroad		22
1,000 Hud. R. 2d m. Bds.	78	100	do		22
10,000 Hud. R. 2d m. Bds.	78	100	Ills Cen. R. Stock		93
5,000 Ill Cen. R. Bds.	84	50	Cleve. & Pitts'g R.		78
5,000 Ill. C. R. R. Bds.	84	50	do		78
1,000 do	84	50	do		78
2,000 do	84	50	do		78
2,000 N. Y. Cen. 6s	103	100	Hud. River R.		40
1,000 N. Y. Cen. 6s	103	100	do		40
1,000 Gowan Lake 7s	98	100	do		40
1,000 do	98	100	do		40
20 Continental Bank	107	100	do		40
10 Bank of Commerce	98	100	Mich. Cent. R.		102
100 Penn. Coal Co.	225	100	M. S. & N. I. R.		83
50 Ward Coal Co.	25	100	M. S. & N. I. R.		83

SECOND BOARD.

100	Reading Railroad		89
100	Erie Railroad		24
	do		24
	do		24 1/4
	do		24
	do		24
	do		24
	do		24 1/8
	do		24 1/8
	do		24 1/8